"THE HIDDEN MARRIAGE," A THRILLING STORY OF BEACON STREET AND THE SLUMS OF BOSTON, BEGINS IN THE BOSTON AMERICAN TO-MORROW

AVERAGE CIRCULATION FOR DECEMBER (Daily and Sunday) 306,085 Greatest NET PAID Circulation in the City of Boston and in New England.

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY NEWSPAPER

WEATHER FORECAST. Fair and Colder.

LATEST AFTERNOON EDITION

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WIFE VINDICATES HUSBAND DETAINED AS WITNESS IN SLAIN MILLIONAIRE MYSTERY

Mrs. A. Maxcy Hiller Declares Belief in Husband's Entire Innocence of Any Connection With Strange Death of His Brother-in-Law, Charles E. Edwards.

SPECIAL TO THE BOSTON AMERICAN.

NEW HAVEN, Ct., Jan. 5.—Allan Maxcy Hiller, a prominent lawyer and politician of this city, and the brother-in-law of Charles E. Edwards, the wealthy New York promoter who was murdered in this city on Tuesday night, after having been detained as a witness by the police for a time, declared to a reporter of the BOSTON AMERICAN that he is innocent of any wrong in connection with the great mystery.

"I have just had an awful experience," he said. "It is all wrong. But I promised the coroner that I would not talk."

With tears in his eyes he turned to his wife and asked:

"You don't believe me guilty of that awful crime, do you?"

"No, dear, I certainly do not."

To the reporter Mrs. Hiller said:

"My husband was not only in the house all that evening, but he did not leave our room. He could not have left without me knowing it."

To-day the inquest is being continued and other members of the family are being examined as well as the servants at the home of Judge Hiller, where the murder was committed. It is not unlikely that Mrs. Edwards, wife of the dead man, will furnish important evidence to the authorities.

She came on from New York immediately upon being notified of her husband's death. It is known that she asked police protection on one occasion when she was in this city, and that she had said that one of her brothers had threatened her life and her husband's. On the night of the murder Mr. Edwards told a friend that the reason his wife was not here was because she was afraid of one of her brothers.

Sends for Counsel.

When Mr. Hiller was locked up he sent at once for his counsel, Erlon P. Arvine, who went to the police station at once. He protested against the detention of his client and declared that it was illegal, but the authorities kept Hiller until a late hour at night. For several hours the Hiller brothers were closely questioned by Coroner Mix, and Mrs. A. Maxcy Hiller was also examined.

Mrs. Hiller stated positively that her husband spent the evening and the entire night at his home. She is positive of this, she says, because, owing to the fact that she is somewhat deaf she is very susceptible to slight movements and would have known had her husband left the bed. Mrs. Hiller spoke harshly of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Edwards, and says that the trouble in the family had existed ever since her husband and his sister were children.

Coroner Mix requested Professor Charles J. Bartlett of the Yale Medical School, the medical examiner of the city, to perform an autopsy. It is said that Professor Bartlett found that the course of the bullet was such as to preclude the possibility of suicide. Ten eminent surgeons attended the autopsy.

The old Hiller house and gardens in College street, opposite the Yale Divinity School, were literally torn to pieces by the police in their search for the weapon with which the murder was committed. Plumbers tore up sinks and closets, masons pulled down walls, and detectives ransacked closets and drawers and dug up the garden. But not a single thing was discovered that the police can connect with the crime. The police still guard the house and garden.

Mother's Will Missing.

At the close of the inquest, at nearly midnight, there seemed to be more mystery attached to the case than at any previous time. No direct evidence bearing upon the actual shooting has been produced, and the evidence in regard to the family troubles seems to follow the same lines.

Maxcy Hiller made a rambling statement. He said:

"We have found no will of my mother, but some of the safes has not yet been opened. He said this safe was in his brother Charles' home.

"Have Mr. Edwards's affairs with the General Chemical Company and the Passaic Chemical Company, of which he once was treasurer, been looked into? There they might find some motive for suicide, though I am sure I don't see what could have become of the weapon.

"I know there was a tangle in the affairs of the Passaic Chemical Company, for I had some money in it myself."

Mr. Hiller seemed extremely nervous. He switched to minute details of what occurred in his brother's and his own household on the night of the killing.

"The back door of the house was found open and the theory is supportable that the murderer might have come in that way. Still, my brother's cook, Margaret Reynolds, is very careless and might have left the door open."

When he was asked if he had not a key to his brother's house he replied: "Oh, yes, but I was home on Monday evening at seven o'clock, and I spent the evening with my wife and three children. I went to bed early and did not leave the house until nearly ten o'clock the next morning.

HAD NERVOUS MALADY.

"Even then not a word did I hear of Charley Edwards's death until almost noon, though before then my brother had neighbors and doctors in the house. It was very early in the day also to allow all these people in the house to stir up all the clothing and effects of my brother's home for then it couldn't be made certain that a burglar had not come in the house and committed murder.

Here is another strange thing. My brother told me at midnight Wednesday that he believed the detectives think that Mr. Edwards committed suicide and that Charles had the revolver. I don't know, really, what to make of that, though, as I said before, I think they ought to look into Mr. Edwards' affairs with the General Chemical Company."

One of the important disclosures made at the Hiller house was the fact that some papers, which it is known that Mr. Edwards carried in a wallet in the inside pocket of his waistcoat, are missing.

This discovery was made when the

Continued to Second Page, 1st Column.

RECENT PHOTOGRAPH OF ALLEN MAXCY HILLER AND THREE DAUGHTERS

FORTUNES OF THE POOR IN BIG BANK FAILURE

HEARING ON PETITION FOR RECEIVER FOR PROVIDENT CO. POSTPONED—DOORS CLOSED.

At the hearing before Judge Braley today in the equity session of the Supreme Court on the application of the Savings Bank Commissioners of the State for a receiver for the Provident Securities & Banking Company of No. 100 Franklin street, a postponement was granted till next Wednesday. This was done at the request of Attorney Samuel K. Hamilton, counsel for the banking company. Meanwhile the temporary injunction granted by Judge Lathrop yesterday, restraining the bank from doing business, will continue in force till the hearing next Wednesday.

Outside the closed doors and drawn curtains of the bank a crowd of depositors, most of them poor, working people, gathered today.

Depositors Gather.

By 8:45 the first of the depositors arrived. Some had read the story in the morning papers of the closing of the bank and hurried down to see what was the matter. Others were on their way to make deposits. To the latter the closing of the bank was a painful surprise. All asked anxious questions, one of another. The only actual information accorded them from the bank was contained in a brief notice, written on a sheet of the bank's official paper and posted on the door, as follows:

"An injunction has been served upon this bank. Bank will remain closed until the decision of the court is rendered.

"By order

"BOARD OF DIRECTORS."

The depositors gazed sadly at this notice, then resumed their worried comment with one another. It was noticeable that working people were in the majority. There were young fellows, some of the looking like office boys, who had come with their pass books and small sums for deposit. Some had two dollars, some five, a few ten. There were laboring men, mechanics, artisans. And there were a few women.

Orphans' Fund There.

About 9 o'clock a private carriage was driven up, containing a richly-dressed, fur-protected woman, who was painfully surprised to find the bank closed. She is a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter:

"I am trustee for an orphans' fund of considerable amount. I will not give my name. I did not know the bank was closed so I had not seen the morning papers. I do hope that nothing will happen to deprive the poor little children of their money."

The Provident Securities and Banking Company is incorporated under the laws of South Dakota and its charter is a very broad one.

Only $4,000 on Land.

The Bank Commissioners found that there was only available about $4,000 in actual cash, while the value of its assets are a entirely unknown quantity. The liabilities will reach between $100,000 and $200,000.

These liabilities are due mainly to the wage earners of Boston, Lynn and Brockton, to whom the general plan of the bank appealed. The assets consist of holdings in speculative companies in the West, the principal one being the Shenandoah Company of Denver.

The plan employed for inducing depositors to do business with bank was that of selling prospective depositors a small picked bank, which could only be opened at the office of the company, and for this bank the depositor paid the sum of one dollar.

35,000 Depositors.

This deposit made the purchase an initial depositor and he continued with the scheme of filling the banks and depositing the money they became subsequently depositors. As near as can be estimated, the company has in the neighborhood of 35,000 initial depositors and approximately 10,000 subsequent depositors, with a total deposit of a little less than $200,000.

At the present time the company is doing business without a president, owing to the resignation of its former head, General Samuel A. Dalton, who resigned last August. The acting president is Lorenzo W. Burton of 1405 Beacon street, Brookline, treasurer and vice president. Originally several well known Boston bankers were identified with the project, but one by one their names have disappeared from the board of directors.

SAILOR'S SKULL BROKEN AT SEA

After lying on board the schooner Benjamin S. Poole for twenty-four hours with a fractured skull and without medical attendance, Mate Nathan Blake was brought to this city by the tug Charles T. Gaillard and taken to the relief station, where he is said to be in a critical condition.

The schooner was crossing Massachusetts Bay on her way south from Portland when Blake was hurt. He was on deck, and after the last train had left for New Durham. At the time he was intoxicated and informed some people he was going to Amesbury. St. Clair had two valuable contracts to fill and there is no reason to believe he left for financial reasons.

This was seen by the captain of the tug who ran alongside. An attempt was made to take the injured man down a ladder to the tug, but the sea was so rough that just as he was about to be lowered, the tug crashed against the side of the schooner, breaking the ladder. The tug then towed the schooner into Nantasket Roads, where Blake was taken off and brought to this city.

WEALTHY N. H. MAN MISSING

ROCHESTER, N. H., Jan. 5. Joseph St. Clair, a prominent lumberman and teaming contractor, has been missing since Dec. 27 and it is feared by his friends that he has met with foul play. He was last seen in a saloon. There he had plenty of money and was spending it freely.

Thus far, the last trace of St. Clair appears to have been in Rochester shortly after the last train had left for New Durham. At the time he was intoxicated and informed some people he was going to Amesbury. St. Clair had two valuable contracts to fill and there is no reason to believe he left for financial reasons.

HURLS MAN THROUGH PLATE GLASS PANE

C. C. Holldge, twenty-nine years old, a layer for a large furnishing concern, living at No. 44 Hewins street, Dorchester, was hurled through the large plate glass window of Browning, Kinsley Co. at Nos. 407 and 411 Washington street by being caught in the sweep of a heavy pole.

BAR BAREFOOT GIRL DANCER

BERLIN, Jan. 5.—Astonishment has been caused not only in Berlin, but all over Germany, by an announcement which appeared in the Tageblatt to the effect that the police had prohibited the dancing in public of Miss Isadora Duncan, the American performer.

Miss Duncan dances barefooted, but in a country where women, even of the upper classes, sometimes swim in public attired in costumes which would cause their arrest at Atlantic City or Narragansett Pier. It is incomprehensible that this circumstance caused the official order.

CONREID PROTEGE ADMITS $2,000 THEFT

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—Elsie Braun, twenty-one years old, the young protege of Director Conreid and a member of the company in his Irving Place Theatre, pleaded guilty before Judge Cowing to stealing $2,000 worth of jewelry and clothing from Mrs. J. Hood Wright of No. 715 Fifth avenue, by whom she was formerly employed as a maid.

Mr. Conreid sent his personal counsel, Henry R. Limburger, to represent her.

HILLER PROTESTS INNOCENCE IN GREAT MURDER MYSTERY

New Haven Authorities Question Relatives of Edwards, Rich Victim of New Haven Tragedy, in Effort to Solve Strange Puzzle.

Continued from First Page.

Edwards's personal effects were examined, when it was discovered that he was dead. The papers, it is said, had reference to Mrs. Edwards's business with the General Chemical Company of New York.

A. MAXCY HILLER 'DETAINED,' HAS POLICE GUARD

Special to the Boston American.

NEW HAVEN, Jan. 5.—Allen Maxcy Hiller has been detained by Coroner Ely Mix in connection with the death of Charles A. Edwards.

If anyone should ask the coroner why he was detained, the coroner would reply: "As a witness."

Hiller was called to police headquarters early in the evening and interviewed by Sergeant Cook and Inspector Dailey and Donnelly, and at 10:30 he was taken to the office of the coroner, where he was questioned until after midnight.

Afterwards it was rumored that he had made a confession, but this he denied by both Hiller and by his wife.

A BOSTON AMERICAN reporter was at the Hiller house when A. Maxcy Hiller returned from the coroner's at 12:35 this morning.

With him was a policeman in uniform, who had been detailed to accompany him.

He was not under arrest, but in Connecticut the coroner has power to order that a policeman accompany a "detained" person wherever he goes.

Tears were streaming from his eyes as he entered his house. His wife went to meet him with outstretched arms. The husband said, choking and sobbing:

"Oh, everything you don't believe me guilty of that awful crime, do you?"

The wife replied: "No, dear, I certainly do not. Now, please calm yourself." Then Hiller said, still sobbing: "Oh, wife, they seem to think I murdered Charles; or they pretend to, but you and I know better, don't we?"

To which she answered:

"Yes, we do know better and the truth will prevail. Now calm yourself, do. The truth will surely prevail."

HOUSE IN WHICH EDWARDS WAS KILLED.

This picture is of the residence of Charles A. Hiller in New Haven where the New York millionaire was found murdered. The cross shows the room occupied by Mr. Edwards when he was killed.

Mrs. Hiller Says Husband Spent the Night at Home

The trouble in our family is of many years standing between a sister and two brothers. They never have got on together since they were children.

My husband was not only in the house all the evening, but he slept with me all night and did not once leave his bed. I know that he never killed Mr. Edwards.

Once my husband desired to be appointed administrator of the estate of his mother, but was opposed by the others. Mrs. Edwards has since said that he threatened her and her husband, but I do not believe it.

—Statement by Mrs. A. Maxcy Hiller to a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter at her home in New Haven.

Turning to the BOSTON AMERICAN reporter, Mr. Hiller said, with choking voice:

"I have just had an awful experience. It is all wrong, but I promised the coroner that I would not talk and so I must not."

Then he wept again, holding both his wife's hands in his, and together they passed into another room.

MRS. HILLER TELLS OF FAMILY TROUBLE

Special to the Boston American.

NEW HAVEN, Ct., Jan. 5.—Mrs. A. Maxcy Hiller, wife of the man detained by Coroner Mix in connection with the death of Charles A. Edwards, talked over the situation with a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter at her home for nearly two hours. "The trouble in our family," she said, "is not a new one. It is not entirely over this money matter, but is of many years' standing between a sister and two brothers. They never have got on together since they were children.

"The senseless and untruthful statements of the sister, Mrs. Edwards, are largely responsible for this persecution of my husband.

"I know that my husband never did it, and I will tell you why.

"Although sometimes showing sudden anger, he was still a very tender-hearted man, and if he did a wrong he would tell you of it and apologize immediately after.

"He was loving, dutiful and honest in all the greater things.

"The coroner asked me what I should say if it were proved that **persons had seen my husband abroad that night.** I answered:

" 'If that is so, I must certainly have been chloroformed.' "

"Husband In Bed All Night"

Mrs. Hiller is quite deaf, but is too sensible a woman to be sensitive about her infirmity. She continued:

"You know that deaf people are supersensitive to jar and motion.

"My husband was not only in the house all the evening, but he slept with me all night and did not once leave his bed.

"I would surely have known it had he done so. And he did not leave the house until 10:30 the next morning.

"His brother declined to discuss the murder with him, but he did make one significant statement:

" 'Was it a case of suicide?' somebody asked, and Judge Hiller replied: 'No, somebody who chews tobacco did it.' "

Asked if there was anyone in her household or immediate family who chewed tobacco, Mrs. Hiller replied that the only one she could remember was an employe of the mother, Mrs. Abigail Hiller, in her last illness, but that that person was far away and had no access to the house that she knew of.

"Once my husband, who is a lawyer," said Mrs. Hiller, "desired to be appointed administrator of the estate of his mother, but was opposed by the others.

"His sister, Mrs. Edwards, has since said that he threatened her and threatened her husband.

"I do not believe it. He said once that such talk and actions coming from her would surely bring their punishment."

Speaking of the suicide theory, Mrs. Hiller said:

"There have been recent failures in New York and elsewhere. Investigation may show that Mr. Edwards was affected, though he always seemed jolly and free from care.

Possibly Committed Suicide

"He may, of course, have committed suicide. If so, I can understand how he might come here to do it, perhaps intending to cast suspicion on one or both of his brothers.

"The suicide theory is debatable, I believe; but if he shot himself, somebody must have removed the revolver."

Speaking of the household where the death occurred, Mrs. Hiller said: "My husband's brother, Judge Hiller, is a lovable man, although he may have some peculiarities.

"I cannot conceive of him killing anyone. I wish he would say whether in his nervousness at the discovery of the body he picked up and disposed of that revolver. I should think that he would clear up this point.

"His two domestics should have heard the shot.

"I feel sure that neither my husband nor his brother did this awful thing. I am uncertain on the subject of suicide."

NEWLY WED COUPLES' COMBINED AGES 276

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Jan. 5.—Two of the oldest couples ever married in this part of the State have been married here. Their combined ages are 276 years. Jerome H. Kellogg of Avery, and Mrs. Annie Hamill, of Dunmore, were married, the former in his 76th year and the bride sixty-seven. Benjamin Shaw, aged seventy, and Rebecca E. Flack, aged fifty-nine, both of Nanticoke, Pa., were married.

BRYAN OFFERS PRIZE TO BOWDOIN BOYS

BRUNSWICK, Me., Jan. 5.—Bowdoin College's new catalogue, shows a total registration of 398 students, against 363 a year ago. There are fifty-four instructors and professors—an increase in the medical department. Among the new prizes offered is the "Philo Sherman Bennett prize for the best essay discussing the principles of free government, given by William J. Bryan. The report of the college librarian gives an increase from 19,000 to 82,000 volumes.

BOMB MANGLES POLICE CHIEF, WIFE KILLED

Russian Assassin Hurls Missile at Official in Street of Polish City.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 5.—Rebels threw a bomb at the Chief of Police of Radom, Russian Poland, when he was walking with his wife in the street there.

The explosion instantly killed the Chief's wife, tore off both his legs and otherwise injured him fatally. He is dying. So great was the bomb's force that a dozen persons were felled by the explosion and some were badly hurt.

The detonation's noise, the crashing of glass, the yells of the injured, caused a panic, during which the assassin escaped.

Twelve of the rebel workingmen who seized the Prorodnik Rubber Factory in Riga were killed in its bombardment, more than one hundred were wounded and eighteen hundred were made prisoners and gave up their leaders to the commander of the troops yesterday.

May Slaughter Prisoners.

Of the twenty-two persons who murdered the dragoons who were asleep in the building near the factory, eighteen were captured. Against them the troops are infuriated almost to insanity, and it is feared that they will get out of hand and slaughter the prisoners, who are to be taken to be tried by court-martial.

A heavy military guard now surrounds the ruins of the factory. The soldiers are searching all corners and are entering all houses in the neighborhood, battering down the doors if there is the slightest delay in opening them.

The news from the Baltic provinces today is fairly satisfactory to the government. Three columns of troops are operating against the rebels in Livonia.

The village of Walk, 60 kilometers, Jacobstadt and Stockmeisshof have been retaken. Soldiers are being sent to the villages to arrest the peasant leaders.

General Warnoff commands the troops in Esthonia.

Capture English Guns.

Among the arms captured by the troops at Moscow were three automatic guns of English make.

Boxes containing 42,000 revolver cartridges, shipped from Austria, have been seized at a railroad station at Odessa.

A man just arrived from Puti, a seaport of Transcaucasia, declares that the rebels there are armed with excellent rifles of foreign manufacture and have driven out the Russian authorities.

The protest made by Mr. Spring-Rice, the British Charge d'Affaires, to Foreign Minister Lamsdorf, has had instant result. Admiral Rojestvensky's squadron, the Novoe Vremya this morning that the Minister of Marine was in no wise responsible for the letter published yesterday, which was merely the admiral's personal opinion, which Rojestvensky maintains he had the right to express. But the British protest is not satisfied and has reported the matter to London.

Probably England will ask for a formal disavowal of Rojestvensky's assertion that the British fleet gath-ered at Wei-hai-wei ready to attack him if Admiral Togo had not destroyed the Russian fleet in the battle of Japan Sea.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

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PROFESSOR WHITE SAYS THAT IF THE NATIONAL COMMITTEE DOES NOT MODIFY GAME

HARVARD WILL MAKE ITS OWN FOOTBALL RULES

Unless the National Football Rules committee takes some radical step to modify the gridiron game, Harvard is going to go it alone in the matter. This is according to the statement of Professor H. L. White, the chairman of the Harvard Athletic committee, which body now has the fate of the game at Harvard in its hands.

"Football, as it was played last Fall, we are opposed to," said Professor White. "Of course I cannot speak officially, but I think that I am voicing the sentiment of the whole committee when I say that our committee will probably take some radical action within the next two weeks which will show where Harvard stands with regard to football as far as the committee in charge of athletics at the University goes. We are the responsible parties, so to speak, because we are supplied by the official bodies, the corporation and the overseers, with the funds for athletics. Consequently we are responsible for the game as it is played.

"We are not experts on football, but we have the advice of experts and therefore know what we think should be done for the game. If the action of the other institutions is not radical enough according to our thinking, we will be forced to go it alone no matter what happens. I do not think that this will be necessary, however, for I have had private conferences with other universities feel as we do about the game.

"The report that the Harvard Athletic committee or any member of it will resign if any football is abolished at Harvard, is absolutely without foundation. The committee of graduates to formulate rules is not official and they can do no more than suggest. We are very glad to receive their suggestions or the suggestions of any one else, but we have something really worth while to propose. The suggestions must be radical whatever they are. We also are glad of the co-operation of any other university in the matter."

DOCTORS DEMAND CHANGE IN RULES

Football received another hard blow of criticism when an article by Dr. E. H. Nichols and Dr. H. B. Smith, who were the physicians in charge of the Harvard football squad this Fall, appeared in the Boston Medical and Surgical Journal, in which the actual state of the physical injuries in the Harvard football campaign of the past year were laid bare. The article was entitled "The Physical Aspect of American Football." Among other things Drs. Nichols and Smith state that on the Harvard squad there were nineteen cases of concussion of the brain in which the men were unconscious for periods of from two hours to a week. This number does not represent the actual number of these cases according to the estimation of the two doctors, which they believe was probably greater.

The conclusion of Drs. Smith and Nichols is from a purely physical standpoint football must either be radically changed or abolished.

The report of Drs. Nichols and Smith follows in part:

Doctors Demand Change.

It has been claimed that the number of injuries received this year was unusually great and more numerous than in any preceding season. In the absence of any available records of other seasons, this point cannot be determined accurately, but in our opinion it is probable that this season is not markedly worse than in previous ones. On the other hand, it must be stated that the position of the men was rather a trying one. Football players are quite unlike ordinary private patients. They disregard for pain, backache and chills and desire to be sufficiently recovered from injury to be able to play, and in spite of what may be considered by the players to be excessive caution, everything in the line of "chances" were taken. For instance, a patient, under ordinary circumstances, who had a dislocated semilunar cartilage, would be perfectly contented to lead a more or less quiet life for a considerable length of time. The football player, however, as soon as the acute symptoms have subsided, is quite unwilling to be prevented from playing. In no case was any sedative drug used in order to lessen the pain of an injury so as to allow a player to take part in a game before recovery was complete.

Injuries in Mass Plays.

The injuries were received in various ways: some in open play, some in the mechanical drill of "tackling the dummy," but a very great proportion occurred in the "bunch" or "pile" which forms after a player running the ball is tackled. The surgeons very quickly got in the way of watching every pile with great interest and apprehension. The exact proportion between the injuries received in the open and in the pile, however, is not controlled by accurate figures. The number of injuries received in the games and in practice were about the same.

Head injuries—Cases of concussion were frequent, both during practice and games. In fact, but two games were played during the entire season in which a case of concussion of the brain did not occur. There were several noticeable features in these cases. Frequently, the fact that a man had received a serious head injury was noticed by the surgeon from the sidelines before it was recognized by the players. This was due to the fact that a player might, apparently, automatically run through a considerable series of plays before his mates noticed that he was mentally irresponsible. The mental state of the players who had concussion was variable, some being highly excitable and hysterical, others merely confused, and in a few cases, knocked completely unconscious.

Several Lose Memory.

In every case there was a certain loss of memory, both previous and subsequent to the injury. The loss of memory previous to the injury varied from a few minutes to a week. In all cases also there was a loss of memory as to the facts occurring for a variable time subsequent to the injury. For instance, it was common to hear a player ask if he had played the first or second half of the game. In a few cases the loss of memory was greater at first than it was after a few hours. For example, the man who had lost the memory of events which occurred for a week before the injury, ultimately got so that he remembered everything up to within an hour or so. Players who had had concussion were at once carefully examined to exclude the possibility of middle meningeal hemorrhage and, during the earlier part of the season, were sent to their rooms or to their homes, with a companion, with strict orders that they were to be left alone at no time until noon of the following day. Later on in the season this method was somewhat relaxed, the injured men were in every case compelled to go to the infirmary, where they remained over night. These precautions were taken to avoid the possibility of the occurrence of the middle meningeal hemorrhage with delayed symptoms, one case of which, the hemorrhage did occur, according to the season was 884. The aggregate number of days during which players were hospitalized, equivalent number of days during which the players were kept out of the play during the season of 1905 was 1,857 days; that is an aggregate practically of three years. In regard to the apparent excessive amount of incapacity during the season of 1905, it must be borne in mind that players who had received injuries were not allowed to play until they had received the permission of the surgeon in charge, and as has already been stated, great caution was exercised in this respect, and until they were thoroughly fit to play.

(2). Another index of the severity of the injuries is the number of days that the players were kept away from scholastic or college duties. From the answers to the circular letter it appears that previous to 1905 players were kept away from school or college a total of 1,857 days during the season of 1905 they were kept away from college during 1,170 days. These figures are based upon the players' own written statements, but have been carefully verified by the college record and probably do not represent more than 90 per cent.

Conclusions—In consideration of the above facts we believe that the following conclusions may be drawn:

(1) The number, severity and permanence of the injuries received in playing football are very much greater than generally is credited to the game.

(2) The greater number of the injuries come in the "pile" and not in the open play, although the severest injuries are received in the open.

(3) The occurrence of injuries is inherent in the game itself, and is not due especially to close competition, as is shown by the fact that the severity of injuries received in games and in practice is about the same.

(4) A large proportion of the injuries is unavoidable.

(5) The percentage of injuries is in comparatively greater in football than in any other of the sports or games.

(6) The game does not develop the best type of manhood, because too much prominence is given to weight without correspondingly increased quickness.

(7) Constant medical supervision of the game with large numbers of men engaged is a necessity and not a luxury although it is a question if a game, requiring the constant attendance of two trained surgeons, is played under desirable conditions.

(8) The percentage of injury is much too great for any sport or game.

(9) Leaving out all other objections to the game, and regarding it simply as a recreation, the game is not developed to the very great degree the number of injuries

ENEMY SEEKS TO WRECK FIRM

Sends Bogus Bradstreet Report to Customers of Boston Concern.

A reward of $1,000 has been offered for information leading to the arrest and conviction of the person who sent through the mails from New York city a false statement with reference to the firm of Goldberg & Rathman, Commercial street, Boston, in which the name of the Bradstreet credit agency was used without authority.

The statement was circulated with the apparent intention of injuring the credit of the firm. The matter is in the hands of the law firm of Vahey, Innes & Manning, who have limited the time of receiving the information to three months.

Goldberg & Rathman are dealers in old metal and do a large business. Alexander Rathman of the firm went to New York on December 20 and remained two days. When he returned he found that some of the firm's customers had been anxious about money coming to them but which was not yet due. To accommodate them Mr. Rathmans partner had paid out within two days about $60,000 in cash.

Then it was found that the cause of the anxiety of the firm's customers was a notice purporting to come from Bradstreet's credit agency, which had been sent to every bank in Boston and vicinity and to numerous customers of Goldberg & Rathman.

The sender of the statement mailed the letters from New York at a time when money was very high and at a time when payments were being deferred until January. He apparently had an intimate knowledge of the affairs of the firm.

BOSTON STOCKS.

	Opening.	11 a.m.
Allouez	40	40½
Amalgamated	104½	104¾
American Telephone	137	137
American Tobacco	47	47
American Sugar	134	134
American Sugar, pfd.	131	131
American Zinc	7¼	7¼
Arcadian		2
Boston Con	20¾	20¾
Bonanza	33¾	33¾
Centennial	20	20
Consolidated Mercur	62½	62½
Copper Range	74½	74½
Dab-Wish	17½	17½
Franklin	12	12
Granby	90	90
Isle Royale	28½	28½
Isle Royale	28½	28½
Mass. Gas, pfd	85¾	85¾
Nevada Con	19	19
North Butte	85½	85½
Old Dominion	47½	47½
Parrot	41	41
Rhode Island	7¼	7¼
Tennessee	42	42
Tamarack	71½	71½
United States Steel	42	42
United States Steel, pfd.	105¾	105¾
United Fruit	104½	104½
U. S. Mining	47	46¾
Union Pacific	149	149
Utah	50¾	50¾

WOMAN SLAYER DEAD IN PRISON

Mrs. Robinson, Serving Life Sentence, Dies in East Cambridge Jail.

Sarah Jane Robinson, the only woman who was serving a life sentence in this State, who was convicted of the murder of her children, is dead in East Cambridge jail.

The crime of which Mrs. Robinson was convicted was one of the most heinous in the annals of the State. To obtain the insurance on the lives of her relatives she slowly poisoned her son William, 22; her self; her daughter Ellen, 23; her brother-in-law, Prince Arthur Freeman; the husband of her daughter Ellen, Joseph Freeman, and her landlord, of West Somerville.

She was convicted only of the murder of her brother-in-law, Prince Arthur Freeman, but it was brought out at the trial, which is one of the most celebrated in the annals of criminal jurisdiction in the State, that she was guilty of the death of the rest of her relatives.

Mrs. Robinson was found guilty, and on June 22, 1888, she was sentenced to be hanged, November 30 of the same year was fixed for the execution, but on November 13 Governor Ames commuted her sentence to imprisonment for life in solitary confinement. In 1899 she was taken to East Cambridge jail.

Mrs. Robinson was not confined in an ordinary cell. Although not permitted to mingle with the rest of the woman prisoners, she was given all the privileges consonant with the discipline of the jail. Her room was large and airy, with comfortable furnishings, though of the plainest material.

One day in the month she was permitted to see her son, the only one of her family that her avarice had left alive. His last visit was paid on Christmas Day.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

	Opening.	11 a.m.
Amal. Copper	105⅞	105⅞
Am. Car & Fdy	47¾	47¾
Amer. Loco	76¾	76¾
Am. Smelting	147½	147½
American Sugar	134	134
Atchison	93¾	94
Atchison, pfd	101	101
Baltimore & Ohio	112⅝	112⅝
Brooklyn Transit	74¼	74¼
Ches. & Ohio	55	55
Chicago Great West.	24¾	24¾
Colo. Fuel & Iron	50¾	50¾
Erie	37	37
Louisville & Nashville	152	152
Manhattan	154	154
Mexican Central	24¾	24¾
Missouri Pacific	99½	100¼
New York Central	150	150½
Norfolk & Western	85	85
Ontario & Western	39¾	39¾
Pennsylvania	142⅝	142⅝
People's Gas	103¾	103¾
Reading	142	142
Rock Island, pfd.	84¾	84¾
Southern Railway	37⅝	37⅝
St. Paul	170¾	170¾
Texas & Pac.	34¾	34¾
Union Pacific	148⅞	148⅞
U. S. Steel	42¾	42¾
U. S. Steel preferred	105⅝	105⅝

Voyes Bros.

JANUARY SALE

Which will include Men's Shirts, Pajamas, Hosiery, Underwear, Blanket Wrappers, Storm Coats, Steamer Rugs, House Coats, Neckwear, Fancy Vests, Flannel Suits, Golf Clubs, Sweaters, Caps, Golf Bags, Handkerchiefs, Sleeve Studs, Cravat Pins, Umbrellas, Ladies' Model Waists, Belts, Neckwear, Stocks, Sweaters, Kimonas, Lounging Wraps and Corsets . . . . .

January Sale of Odd Lots

One-Third to One-Half Usual Price

VOYES BROS. Washington & Summer Sts., Boston, U.S.A.

NOON WEDDING FOR MISS ALICE

Only Friends and Relatives to Attend White House Ceremony.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Prior to the diplomatic reception in the White House the President and Mrs. Roosevelt announced that the wedding of Miss Alice Roosevelt and Nicholas Longworth would take place in the East Room of the White House on Saturday, February 17, at noon.

The Bishop of Washington, assisted by the Rev. Roland Cotton Smith, rector of St. John's, will officiate. The wedding breakfast will be served in the state dining room.

It is believed that the company will be composed entirely of relatives and personal friends. Official Washington will have no representation. This will be following the precedent set by the President and Mrs. Roosevelt on the occasion of Miss Alice's debut.

Two of the ushers will be Benson Parker, son of the Ohio Senator, and Representative Robert Adams of Pennsylvania. Buckner Wellington of Cincinnati probably will attend his brother-in-law as best man, while Theodore Du Chambrun, also a brother-in-law of Mr. Longworth, will be among his attendants.

The Ambassador to Vienna, Bellamy Storer, whose wife is an aunt of Mr. Longworth, has applied to the State Department for leave of absence to be present at the wedding.

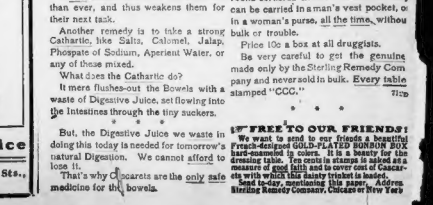
How to Exercise the Bowels

Your Intestines are lined inside with millions of little suckers, that draw the Nutrition out of food as it passes them.

But, if the food passes too slowly, it decays before it gets through. Then the little suckers draw Poison from it instead of Nutrition.

This Poison makes a Gas that injures your system more than the food should have nourished it.

You see, the food is Nourishment or Poison, just according to how long it stays in transit.



The usual remedy for this delayed passage (called Constipation) is to take a big dose of Castor Oil.

This merely makes slippery the passage for unloading the current cargo.

It does not help the Cause of delay a trifle.

It does slacken the Bowel-Muscles more than ever, and thus weakens them for their next task.

Another remedy is to take a strong Cathartic, like Salts, Calomel, Jalap, Phospate of Sodium, Aperient Water, or any of these mixed.

What does the Cathartic do?

It mere flushes out the Bowels with a waste of Digestive Juice, set flowing into the Intestines through the tiny suckers.

* * *

But, the Digestive Juice we waste in doing this today is needed for tomorrow's natural Digestion. We cannot afford to lose it.

That's why Cascarets are the only safe medicine for the bowels.

They do not waste any precious fluid of the Bowels, as Cathartics do.

They do not relax the Intestines by greasing them inside like Castor Oil or Glycerine.

They simply stimulate the Bowel Muscles to do their work naturally, comfortably, and effectively.

And, the Exercise these Bowel Muscles are thus forced to take, makes them stronger for the future, just as Exercise makes your arm stronger.

Cascarets are as safe to use constantly as they are pleasant to take.

They are purposely put up like candy so you must eat them slowly and let them go down gradually with the saliva, which is in itself, a fine, natural Digestive.

They are put up purposely in thin, flat round-cornered Enamel boxes, so they can be carried in a man's vest pocket, or in a woman's purse, all the time, without bulk or trouble.

Price 10c a box at all druggists.

Be very careful to get the genuine made only by the Sterling Remedy Company and never sold in bulk. Every table stamped "CCC."

Sterling Remedy Co.

10 FREE TO OUR FRIENDS!

We want to send to our friends a beautiful French-designed GOLD-PLATED BONBON BOX, hand-enameled in colors. It is a beauty for the discriminating taste. Its centre is adorned as a measure of good faith and to cover cost of Cascarets with which this dainty trinket is loaded.

Send to-day, mentioning this paper. Address, Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York

ELECTRICITY

Any improvement in Electric Lighting which very much increases useful illumination for only slight increase in current used per lamp is worthy of your quick notice. The new Edison Lamp now introduced in Boston is such an improvement. The lamps do only in comparatively high power; but for stores, or halls, or larger rooms in residences, the net result must be smaller bills.

Have you learned to be light-wise?

Our Contract Agent stands ready to explain everything electrical; and your inquiry is invited. Will you write, or call, or telephone Oxford 1150?

The Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Boston, 3 Head Place.

LEADER OF THE HOLY JUMPERS TELLS WHY THEY SING AND DANCE

Says Bible Teaches That Early Christians Worshipped So and That "Burning Bushers" Dance Just as Children Rejoice, Because They Have Found Salvation.

Aroused by the opposition with which the members of his sect have been met in their three weeks in Boston and the many criticisms derogatory to their religion, the Rev. R. L. Erickson, leader, has written especially for the BOSTON AMERICAN a defense of the methods of jumping, dancing and shouting which prevail at the meetings of the "Holy Jumpers."

Among other things the Rev. Mr. Erickson, who has been an evangelist for nine years and has traveled extensively, refers to the clergy of Boston as "hirelings," declares that Boston is spiritually dead, and further states that the "Burning Bushers" are not conducting vaudeville performances.

By Rev. R. L. Erickson.

Our reasons for jumping, dancing and shouting in our meetings are evident to anyone who has read the Bible. We believe our methods are prompted by the Holy Ghost and according to the Scriptures and that they are profitable in winning men to God. The Bible plainly teaches that early Christians did these things.

King David danced with all his might. Just think of it—a man who could slay a lion and a bear and, according to his own testimony, could leap over a wall or run through a troop—it must have been a great demonstration for him to dance with all his might. (See II. Samuel, vi. 14.)

When the children of Israel were delivered from Egyptian bondage and crossed the Red Sea, Miriam, who was ninety years old, led all the women of Israel in a holy dance. (See Ex. 15, xx.)

The Disciples when coming down from the Mount of Olives made such a noise that the Pharisees asked Jesus to stop them, but he said, "If these hold their peace the very rocks would cry out."

When the lame man at the gate Beautiful was healed he was found in the temple leaping and praising God, and no doubt disturbed the Pharisees. (See Acts iii., 8.)

On the day of Pentecost the Disciples became so hilarious that the spectators thought they were drunk, and mocking, they said: "These men are full of new wine." (See Acts, ii., 13-15.)

Music and Dancing.

When describing the reception of the prodigal son, Jesus said there was music and dancing. (See Luke xv, 25.)

Now, the Bible says, "There is a time to dance." (See Ecclesiastes iii, 4.)

It was time for David to dance when the ark of the covenant was brought back to Israel. It was time for Miriam and all the women of Israel to dance after God had delivered them from slavery. It was time for the lame man to dance when he was healed. It was time for them to dance when they had received the Holy Ghost at Pentecost. It was time for the prodigal son to dance after he had returned home.

And now it is time for us to dance in Boston because we are saved, sanctified, healed, and have the ark of God with us.

By this we do not mean the ordinary ball-room dancing, where the sexes embrace each other, thus creating unholy passions.

Parents who send their children to dancing school are preparing them for Hell. The dancing of men and women together is wrong; it tends to lead them from paths of righteousness.

We do not believe in such dancing. It is immoral. There is a time to dance, but not at a South End social.

Our people always dance separately and after no special form, but as a child when rejoicing will jump up and down or skip across the floor. We are prompted to jump and praise aloud by the joy of the Lord in our hearts.

Thousands Awakening.

While the preachers of Boston are discussing how to reach the masses, we will continue praising God in song and dance. Thousands are thronging our meetings and are being awakened.

We are sure we know what is the matter with the hireling preachers who object to our meetings. They are not converted; their churches are dead and full of worldly lodge members who are hoarding their money.

These ministers preach to tickle the ears of their congregations and to get their shekels. Of course there are ex ceptions, but we believe that in Boston the exception is not the rule.

Boston is spiritually dead. The great majority of people in this city are without knowledge of the word of God. Boston ministers have withheld the truth.

On the contrary, our preachers and members have actually sold all their property for the greater glory of God, according to Acts, iv., 32-37.

We preach the gospel and receive no pay for it. Consequently, we fear no one. We do not preach to please or please to save. We lift out straight from the shoulder regardless of who may be in our audiences.

We call sin by its right name. Ours is not a degenerated religion. We rebuke sin and sinners. Those who oppose us show their guilt by so doing.

The Holy Ghost salvation arouses the same persecution to-day as it did in Jerusalem in ancient times. We have stirred the proud, conceited aristocratic Devil in Boston to the depths.

Rowdy Element Tolerated.

The rowdy element of Boston has crowded into our meetings. It was only after the greatest effort that we were able to receive proper police protection, and even that is grudgingly given. The police not only tolerate the rowdyism, but seem to uphold them in their disorderly conduct. They seem to be there to suppress us rather than the rowdies.

We are not in the vaudeville business; we are earnest and true to us in our convictions and are here to save souls. Our method may be peculiar, but it is not horseplay. It is a part of our religion.

Many always suppose that the early Methodists preached so fearlessly as to call forth the persecution of the good churches of the times. The other churches incited the mobs to persecute against these Methodists, who were called "Howling Methodists" because of their actions in religion, as we are now called the "Holy Jumpers." They were driven and stoned.

But these Methodists have quit their howling and to-day are in the baked beans, ice cream and rummage sale business, becoming proprietors of second-hand restaurants instead of being soul-savers.

Our methods may seem crude to the cultured (?) people of Boston, but nevertheless it has taken only three weeks to stir the entire city, which all the ministers of this place combined could not do. It is results which count, not methods. We have converted many and have brought to God people who could not be reached by other religions, and these hireling silver-tongued orators.

We were cast out of Faneuil Hall last week by Acting Mayor Wherrin. We have been persecuted and driven from other halls in Boston and have had a hard fight to get a meeting place.

For this persecution we hope no ill fed us, but we will not leave Boston per manently.

If we can not hire a meeting place, we will buy one, as we did in Chicago.

Photographed by Boston American Staff Photographer.

POSTURES OF BURNING BUSH DEVOTEES.

Reasons Given by the Leader of Holy Jumpers For Singing and Dancing

KING DAVID danced with all his might. (See II. Samuel, 6-14.)

When the children of Israel were delivered from Egyptian bondage and crossed the Red Sea, Miriam, who was ninety years old, led all the women of Israel in a holy dance. (See Ex. 15-20.)

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On the day of Pentecost the Disciples became so hilarious that the spectators thought they were drunk, and mocking, they said: "These men are full of new wine." (See Acts 2-13-15.)

DRIVEN FROM HALLS, HOLY JUMPERS ARE NOT YET DISMAYED

The Holy Jumpers are in Boston to stay—until the city is converted.

Last night they held a service at St. Paul's A. M. E. Church, corner of Hastings and Portland streets, Cambridge, and will hold another there to-night, by invitation of the pastor.

The disciples of the Burning Bush have been stopped from using Faneuil and other halls, but what they believe to be the performance of their duty, but they are not going to retreat.

W. T. Pettingill, one of the leaders of the sect, says so; and he adds that the city must be converted, and needs it.

"We have been stopped," he says, "from holding services in Faneuil and Berkeley Halls, but we are not disheartened. There are other halls, and other places. Boston is wicked. It needs converting. We will do it. Where? Why, there are hundreds of people in the city ready and willing to open their doors to us.

"We can tell our story in a kitchen as well as in a hall. All we want is to have people hear it. And they will hear it, for we are here to stay. Boston needs conversion. It is wicked. We will save it. We have no temporizers hired yet, but our doctrine will be preached and you who laugh at us now will jump—jump for joy with us.

"How's Brother Benson and his beautiful young wife, Bernice, going to Chicago, to enter our school. There must be something in it. They know the sins of the city and of the world. They are going to save you, John, and be saved and jump."

And Brother Pettingill jumped and leaped and laughed and yelled and said he was happy and saved.

DOUBT AS TO TUCKER PIN

Montreal Lad Not Sure He Gave Canadian Emblem to Allan in Portland.

MONTREAL, Que., Jan. 5.—The ownership of the stick pin which played such a prominent part in the murder trial of Charles L. Tucker, is still in doubt. Mr. Allan of Portsmouth, to whose brother the pin was supposed to have been given by young Robert McGillis of this city in Portland in 1902, has been here but failed to trace the ownership. Mr. Allan spent the day with young McGillis, but could not obtain from the young man a statement that he had given the pin away.

Young McGillis recollects having given Mr. Allan something small to keep, although he says he may have given him a pin as described, he is not sure of it. If it had been an expensive pin he says he would have remembered, but as the day referred to was only one of the small kind of which thousands are sold every year, he could hardly be expected to remember it.

CITY OF PUEBLO SAFE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 5.—The steamer City of Pueblo, which it was feared was lost with 150 passengers and crew, was towed into port with a broken propeller shaft, but all safe on board.

I would rather personally administer chloroform to the poor starving children of this city than to see them living in squalor and misery, and if given proper authority I will do so.—Miss L. Graham Crozier, Society Lecturer.

No right thinking man would hesitate to give a dose of laudanum sufficient to end suffering and life together to the victim of an accident, from the terrifying effects of which recovery was impossible.—Charles Eliot Norton, Professor Emeritus at Harvard.

CHARLES ELIOT NORTON ADVOCATES THE KILLING OF INSANE AND DISEASED

Would End Suffering In Hopeless Cases By Giving Victims Painless Death.

The theory of killing off the hopelessly insane, the hopelessly diseased, and those fatally injured by accident, which has been advocated by Miss Anna C. Hall of Cincinnati and Miss Maud Ballington Booth, and of which Dr. Osler's famous pronunciamento may be considered a branch, has found a notable convert in Professor Charles Eliot Norton, Emeritus, of Harvard University.

The noted Cambridge scholar has written to Miss Hall a letter, which he terms "an appeal to reason as well as compassion," heartily approving her ideas, which created so much comment last October, when she promulgated them in a set of resolutions at the meeting of the American Humane Association in Philadelphia.

Almost simultaneously with Professor Norton's public approval of this theory comes a startling statement by Miss L. Graham Crozier, a prominent society lecturer of New York and a woman who has made a long study of social conditions in that city, in which she says she would, if given proper authority, personnnaly administer chloroform to the poor starving children in order to end the miserable little lives that are ebing developed amid poverty and squalor today.

Professor Norton's Idea.

Professor Norton's letter is really supplementary to Miss Hall's idea as set forth in the resolutions calling for the approval of "the practice of physicians, who, in cases of hopeless suffering, make painless the last hours of life by an anesthetic," an opposition against "the practice of prolonging by artificial means the agonies of incurable diseases."

In this letter he says:

Setting aside all doubtful cases, no right thinking man would hesitate to give a dose of laudanum sufficient to end suffering and life together to the victim of an accident, from the terrifying effects of which recovery was impossible. However many doses of misery might be added to conscious life by stimulants or surgical operations. Nor should a reasonable man hesitate to hasten death in the case of a mortal disease, such as, for example, cancer, when it has reached the stage of incessant agony, and when all the patient desires to die.

"Mere Criminal Cruelty."

The postponing of life in such a case by whatever means is mere criminal cruelty.

Or, take another instance, that of an old person whose mind has become a chaos of wild imaginations producing all sorts of constant distress, but only the sufferer but to all who love and attend him. The pain duty in such a case is not to prolong, but to shorten life.

Miss Crozier, who advocates the killing of children whose lives must be filled with suffering, is a delicate little Southern woman who has devoted twenty-five years of her life to work among the poor and who has tried time and again to get the authorities to take active interest in the welfare of the poorer classes with little success.

"I would rather personally administer chloroform to the poor starving children of this city than see them living as they must do in squalor and misery to-day," she said in her home in Brooklyn, "and if given proper authority I will do so. I have seen children who have been living as they must do in squalor and misery to-day, and who should in reasonable men hesitate to hasten death in the case of a mortal disease, such as, for example, cancer, when it has reached the stage of incessant agony, and when all the patient desires to die.

Woman Volunteers to Chloroform Poor Starving Children If Granted Authority.

with suffering. In a delicate little Southern woman who has devoted twenty-five years of her life to work among the poor and who has tried time and again to get the authorities to take active interest in the welfare of the poorer classes with little success.

"I would rather personally administer chloroform to the poor starving children of this city than see them living as they must do in squalor and misery to-day, and if given proper authority I will do so to end attention to myself, but I say it because I have frequently carried sleep and worked myself this trying to interest the city authorities and benevolent institutions and philanthropic individuals in the appalling poverty in New York.

Death Is Preferable.

"I have talked myself hoarse, I have lectured, I have written countless communications to the authorities of officials of benevolent societies, but the inside remedy is at hand I will, if given proper authority, put an end to the miserable little lives to whom living is only prolonged agony and utter wretchedness.

"The dead child is returned to that nature of which it is but one manifestation, and is a far preferable being to breathing the breath of life under the awful conditions.

"Why should those helpless little lives go on? It is only perpetuating misery why should these innocent little beings that lack food and proper warmth and nourishment suffer longer when the remedy is at hand.

"I mean what I say, and can prove what I say. Those who are cowardly enough to neglect these children now—the officials, the institutions, the civil and municipal authorities—the politicians, are themselves cowardly to advocate chloroforming them.

Saw Starving Children Die.

"I am not theorizing. I am not exploiting insane or impracticable views, but I know whereof I speak, and my views are the result of six continuous years of observation in New York City. There is absolutely no co-ordination of the forces in this city in looking to the immediate relief of these cold and starving children. I tried them last Winter—the whole lot of them—and they lucidly ignored my whole diagnosis.

"I remained in the city last Summer while its high-salaried officials and others fled to escape the heat. I remained and saw the starving children—sixty thousand of them—drop out of life like flies for want of a free because their emaciated bodies, weakened and impoverished by the resistance to the cold of the Winter and of hunger could not withstand the heat.

"And yet officials will write, will sit back in their comfortable chairs and unsmugly prate of the improved and prosperous condition among the poor of this city of an era of prosperity, when the number of the unemployed has gradually increased during the past four years. This is not idle talk, not my statements can be proved by statistics. And it is the unemployed poor that make these conditions whereby children grow pale and thin with cold and hunger.

"But these same officials would put me into the electric chair if I dared and one of those tragic little lives—when I would take the suffering pleading that had fallen to the cold, icy ground and returned it, in a warm nest—to Mother Earth, to Nature, where it belongs."

BOSTON BEHIND N. Y. IN CARE OF CONSUMPTIVES

Chairman Durgin of Health Board Says Hospital Is Badly Needed.

Emphasizing the necessity for a consumptives' hospital in Boston, Dr. Durgin, chairman of the Board of Health, speaking at the tuberculosis exhibition, Horticultural Hall, said that New York city provides 3,500 beds for its consumptives, while Boston has only fifty.

There are supposed to be 1100 beds for consumptives in the hospital at Long Island, but sixty of these are given up to the overflow of tuberculosis patients from the almshouse.

Dr. Durgin stated that over 4,000 are sick with the disease in Boston and that thousands die here every year.

These statements were made during a discussion of the subject, "Boards of Health and their Responsibilities," in which Dr. Durgin, Dr. C. V. Chapin of Providence, Dr. James C. Cudey of Worcester, Dr. H. Lincoln Chase of Brookline, and William Atkinson took part.

The various times in recent years Dr. Durgin had consulted with the different mayors of the city and tried to impress on them the necessity for a tuberculosis hospital, but his efforts had been fruitless, for none of them could see their way clear to attempt the construction of such a hospital.

He said the deaths from consumption in the city had been reduced fifty per cent in twenty years.

Dr. Chapin of Providence told of the work which had been done in that city in the cause of tuberculosis. Every board of health office, he said, should be a clearing house for all cases of consumption, which should be promptly reported by physicians. Personally, he did not find much importance could not be attached to the indiscriminate use of eating and drinking utensils.

Dr. Chase of Brookline told of the fierce warfare in that town which had been inaugurated several years ago against tuberculosis; of the leaflets concerning the disease which had been issued to all householders; of the tuberculosis hospital which the town had established, and of the good results which all these things had accomplished.

AT 70, BOXING PARSON WEDS

RUTLAND, Vt., Jan. 5.—The Rev. Dr. Norman Seaver, known as "the boxing parson," seventy-seven years old, married clergyman and athletic of the city, was married here this afternoon to Miss Ella S. Bond, aged fifty, his housekeeper, who has cared for his wants since the death of his first wife a year ago.

The bridegroom is an earnest devotee of physical culture and years ago attained note as a boxer. He was once the chess champion of Vermont. He is still active in church work.

DON'T FAIL TO READ "THE HIDDEN MARRIAGE."
It is a fascinating love story of Beacon street and the chess champion of Vermont. The first two chapters will be in to-morrow's BOSTON AMERICAN.

SAYS SHE WAS THROWN OUT OF WHITE HOUSE

Mrs. Morris Declares She Was Peaceful, but Refused to Leave When Ordered.

By Boston American Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—The ejection from the White House of Mrs. Miner Morris, sister of Representative J. A. T. Hull, of Iowa, when, it is asserted, she was peacefully and with no apparent symptoms of being a crank, has caused extreme nervousness in official circles. It is believed that the occupants of the White House share this feeling, from the fact that by orders from President Roosevelt's household the charge of disorderly conduct was erased from the police blotter.

Mrs. Morris is the wife of Dr. Miner Morris, who was dismissed from the United States Army medical museum for striking an employe with whom he had an altercation. She is now confined in her apartments at the new Willard. Four policemen and a colored employe of the President, it is alleged, handled her so roughly that her shirt was torn in half, her hat pulled off and her jewels scattered in the street.

Then the charge of disorderly conduct had been withdrawn the police were about to change it to one of insanity, but the police surgeons ordered the woman's release immediately after an examination.

Mrs. Morris's mission to the White House was to see the President personally and plead for the reinstatement of her husband, fearing that no method but direct appeal to the President could overcome the influence against him.

Representative Hull, brother of Mrs. Morris, will probably make no protest in the matter. For years they have been estranged. He says she has suffered from heredity, and he is of the opinion that she was not responsible for her actions at the White House.

Mrs. Morris, an accomplished musician and society woman, known to the best Washington society, has given up her home, her business quietly to Assistant Secretary Barnes in the reception room of the President's executive office. Mr. Barnes said Mr. Roosevelt was too busy to see her, and she said she would wait until he was disengaged.

Mr. Barnes would not permit this, and the crowd, it is alleged, to have the visitor expelled if she did not leave the house. The detective took her in charge. She became hysterical, and says that in the struggle she suffered a personal injury. She was then unconscious.

Mrs. Morris is in a state of collapse, but declares that she has full confidence of the police brutality. What action will take has not been announced from Interior, Mr. Morris is in Ohio.

WOODRUFF HEADS INSURANCE COMPANY

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—Timothy L. Woodruff has been elected president of the Providence Savings Life Assurance Society, succeeding Edward W. Scott, who resigned. Mr. Woodruff, as the holder of 1,125 of the 1,150 shares of the capital stock of the society, announced that he had made a declaration of trust whereby the society is to receive all the benefits that may accrue or can be derived from operation of the trust.

A MONTH FREE

All sufferers from Kidney Disease who apply for treatment at the office of the Osmo-Chemic Physicians on or before January 15th, 1906, will be given one month's treatment and medicine absolutely free. This includes consultation and thorough examination with their perfected X-Ray and chemical analysis of the urine.

All sufferers from kidney disease who are hanging home to the Osmo-Chemic physicians on or before January, 15th, 1906, will receive a consultation free and a month's medicine absolutely free.

This is the way the Osmo-Chemic Physicians are bringing home to the afflicted the wonderful New Discovery for Kidney Disease does cure.

The offer is hedged about with no restrictions, and is simply intended as an object lesson. We wish to take advantage of it can do so by simply applying at the office of the Osmo-Chemic Physicians on or before January 15th, 1906.

HAVE YOU THESE SYMPTOMS?

If you have you are suffering from Kidney Disease and should take a sample of your urine to the Osmo-Chemic Physicians and have it given careful treatment and medicines free, and put to the test of Kidney disease.

Is the skin pale and dry?
Is there a sallow complexion?
Is the skin dry and harsh?
Do the legs feel too heavy?
Is there nausea after eating?

Free X-Ray Examination

The Osmo-Chemic physicians have secured a case for the purpose of giving free X-Ray and chemical examination with their perfected X-Ray and other marvelous instruments that have no equal as to the cause of the patient's affliction. This perfect method of diagnosis is at your service absolutely free, whether you apply on or before Jan. 15th, 1906.

Are the joints pain and aches?
Is the urine black and cloudy?
Are the eyes dull and staring?
Is there pain in small of back?
Do your hands and feet swell?
Has the skin a yellow tint?
Have you pain low in the head?
Has the perspiration a bad odor?
Is there puffiness under the eyes?
Is there bad taste in the mouth?
Is there a desire to get up at night?
Are there dark rings around the eyes?
Do you see floating spots before the eyes?
Have you chilly feelings down the back?
Do you see unpleasant things while asleep?

CLERGYMAN'S WIFE

Mrs. A. D. Spaulding, wife of the Noted Baptist Clergyman of So. Scituate, Mass., Indorses the Osmo-Chemic Treatment

Mrs. A. D. Spaulding, wife of the noted Baptist clergyman of Scituate, Mass., is perfectly delighted to find the Osmo-Chemic treatment has not only relieved her husband and myself but for the wonders the Osmo-Chemic physicians have done. I had been troubled in connection with numbness of the limbs, pains in the shoulders, severe headaches and would trouble from kidney disease. After I went to the Osmo-Chemic physicians and was given a course of their treatment for the cure of Kidney disease, which would give me about the only relief obtained and even at that was only temporary.

The condition of my stomach was such that at the Osmo-Chemic Doctors I could not keep anything on it, and after taking the first bottle of their medicines I found my appetite had returned and I began to obtain new lasting health. I continued with their treatment for a few weeks and while taking it for after its use was discontinued I found myself

When the Osmo-Chemic Doctors examined my urine they found that not only did I have stomach and liver trouble, but that I had a very severe form of intestinal indigestion. Before taking the treatment I was behind with my work and completely run down. After having waited to be sure of the permanency of the result I can now freely say IT IS WONDERFUL.

I am now in the best of health and have once been ill from another trouble, and any one wishing to write me I will be glad to do so, expressing my gratitude for what has been done for me. I have made many friends here since coming to this place and have had the pleasure of being of assistance to others. My wife was also sick and was seek relief at the hands of the Osmo-Chemic physicians and found that their treatment was beneficial and very successful. She was also completely cured by the treatment and has gained 20 pounds in weight. We go to the Osmo-Chemic physicians for all our medicine and would not be induced to take any other.

MRS. A. P. MORSE.

DEACON MORSE'S WIFE

Tells for the Benefit of Other Sufferers What the Osmo-Chemic Physicians Did for Her

Mrs. A. P. Morse, wife of Deacon Morse of the Dorset Street Baptist Church, whose residence is at 17 Dorset street, Dorset, Mass., says: For 12 long years I have been suffering from kidney disease and during that time I have tried nearly every remedy that was recommended, but found no relief. The first symptoms of my trouble was a feeling of dizziness, the head not being clear, and I would have a dull pain at the back of the head, which would give me about the only relief obtained and even at that it was only temporary.

The condition of my stomach was such that at the Osmo-Chemic Doctors I could not keep anything on it, and after taking the first bottle of their medicines I found my appetite had returned and I began to obtain new lasting health. I continued with their treatment for a few weeks and while taking it for after its use was discontinued I found myself

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MRS. A. P. MORSE.

THE OSMO-CHEMIC SYSTEM OF MEDICINE (Incorporated)

Permanent offices, Suites 8, 9, 10, trance No. 18 Boylston st., Boston, ss. Send two-cent stamp for book on chronic disease.
Office Hours—9 A. M. to 12 M., 2 to 4 and 6 to 8 P. M. daily
Office closed Sunday

GOV. BELL SEES HANGING SCENE

Special to the Boston American.

BENNINGTON, Vt., Jan. 5.—Within less than a month after the hanging in Windsor prison of Mary Rogers, Governor Charles J. Bell went to see another hanging scene, this time on the stage.

He was a guest of Dr. W. E. Putnam at a presentation of King Lear, in which E. S. Mantell in the Bennington Opera House and seemed to enjoy the gruesome hanging scene in the last act, where Lear enters the stage, bearing the dead body of Cordelia. The scene is horrible, the red veil of the hempen rope showing plainly on the neck of the dead Cordelia. As Mantell entered, bearing the body of Cordelia, all eyes were turned toward Governor Bell, who sat well back in the box. Those near him say the scene had no outward impression on him.

Many audible murmurs of Mary Rogers's name were heard. The situation was embarrassing for the Governor, to say the least.

BOY TRIPLETS; 8,000TH CHANCE

Triplets do not happen every day. Still less often are all three boys.

It only happens once in 8,000 cases that three boys are born at the same time of one mother.

But at the Massachusetts Homeopathic Hospital are the visible evidence of an eleventh case.

Mrs. Everett Bingham of No. 443 Shawmut avenue is their mother. She is only 22, the same age as her husband.

The first baby weighed each eight pounds and eight ounces when born. The third weighed three ounces less. All are healthy and well formed.

BEACON STREET AND THE SLUMS OF BOSTON.

Do not fail to read "The Hidden Marriage," Sidney Warwick's thrilling love story. It begins in to-morrow's BOSTON AMERICAN.

YERKES 'COUSIN FROM COUNTRY' ETHEL'S FATHER

Curious Chapter in Dead Millionaire's Mysterious Life Comes to Light.

FUGITIVE FROM LAW

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—Another chapter more surprising than any heretofore published in the startling and complicated romance that came to light with the death of the multi-millionaire Charles T. Yerkes, has been opened. It revealed the fact that Ethel Yerkes, the beautiful grandniece of the traction magnate, is the daughter of a fugitive from justice, and that previous to being taken up by her grand uncle she was the ward of another and poor, a trust magnate. It also showed that six years ago, when this trust magnate became interested in pretty Ethel Yerkes, she and her mother were in dire want.

According to a special dispatch from Dresden, Germany, Miss Yerkes has sailed to-day for America.

Another fact revealed was that the so-called farmer nephew who was ejected from the entrance of the Yerkes mansion in Fifth avenue on the day of the funeral was Clarence Yerkes, and a brother of Ethel, and a fugitive from justice, for whom a bench warrant, issued seven years ago, is still in the hands of the police. Disguised as a farmer, this man, once well known as a "high roller" in the Tenderloin, braved capture to obtain admission to his uncle's mansion, from the belief that he was a beneficiary under the will, and that the legacy he expected would be large enough to enable him to repay the money he embezzled, quash the indictment, and cause the bench warrant to be withdrawn.

Still another disclosure was the fact that Charles E. Yerkes, the son of the millionaire, knew well the "farmer" caller who demanded admission to the Yerkes home on the day of the funeral, and refused to be denied him and caused the detectives on guard to throw him into the street. The disowned man, enraged by the ill treatment he received, threatened suit, it will be recalled, to break the will.

Will Fight for Share.

From words dropped by the attorney in this city for Ethel Yerkes and her mother, it was intimated that he will proceed, through his wife and daughter, and this is believed by the will leaked up in the suite in the apartments occupied by Charles T. Yerkes in the Savoy Hotel, London, and of which he had knowledge, will show that he, as well as his daughter, is entitled to a share of the Yerkes millions. Ethel Yerkes was ten years old when her father, an employe of the Pope Manufacturing Company, was arrested for embezzlement. She was a pretty and vivacious child and showed a talent for music and had a sweet voice. That talent her father sought to develop by placing her under special teachers. Clarence Yerkes in those days was earning a good salary, and although it developed after his arrest that he had been leading a double life, he made sufficient money to maintain his wife and child in style.

After his arrest, however, everything changed. From cringing he appealed for help to his rich cousin. Bail was found for him, and he vanished. Recently, it has however, leased a bench warrant.

From that day until the day of the funeral, when he appeared disguised as a farmer "from Johnsville, Pa.," it is said that he received even the detectives, the former well-dressed, debonair Clarence Yerkes had never been seen in this country.

Without a friend in the world, Clarence's mother, wife and child, it is said, were soon reduced to desperate straits. The wife's jewels and the few trinkets that little Ethel possessed, as well as all their fine clothes, went one by one until the two were reduced to the verge of starvation.

At that juncture their case was brought to the attention of a manager then at the head of a trust. He established Mrs. Yerkes in an apartment in West Sixty-third street, near Central Park, and sent the child to a school in connection with the Convent of the Holy Angels in Fort Lee. Nothing, her talent for music, he said, for her education abroad.

Quarreled With Benefactor.

About three years ago, however, Mrs. Yerkes quarreled with her benefactor, and their relations ceased. Then the mother and daughter were again reduced to poverty straits. Mrs. Yerkes got Ethel into vaudeville stage with a female minstrel show in this city. Engagements followed at the Circle Theatre at Fifty-ninth street and Broadway, and the Columbia, and finally a large bicycle academy and saloon, wherein, for five years, Ethel Yerkes employed, and where, as a child, she had learned to ride a wheel.

The sultry the girl earned was spent on her mother, who was a confirmed invalid. Her mother appealed to Clarence T. Yerkes, reminding him of his relationship to the girl and asking him what he could do for seen on the stage.

The fortune magnate visited the theatre and was so charmed by the pretty face of his grandniece that he immediately took her up.

That was two years ago, when Emilie Grigsby was high in his favor. He took Ethel and her mother into the Empire, established them in a magnificent apartment in London, sent Ethel to the Royal Dutch Conservatory of Music, where she was at the time of his death.

Soon Emilie Grigsby realized that in the beautiful young grandniece she had found a strong rival for the favors of the multi-millionaire.

DON'T FAIL TO BEGIN TO-MORROW

Sidney Warwick's stirring love story of Beacon street and the slums of Boston. It is entitled "The Hidden Marriage" and begins in to-morrow's BOSTON AMERICAN. You can't afford to miss it.

KILLS HIS WIFE WITH FLATIRON

LOWELL, Jan. 5.—Frenzied from drink Lawrence Chibbs pounded his wife over the head with a flatiron, battering wounds from which she died within an hour.

The woman was found dying by her four-year-old daughter, Ruth, who, with a two-year-old brother, was at a neighbor's. The little one led the neighbor back to the scene of the murder, her cries calling the neighbor to the door.

Chibbs has been before the Police Court here many times, and was in jail awaiting for gross beating, the woman hurriedly appealed to Justice Judge Hadley, the child in her arms pleading for her husband's release.

BOY MADE INSANE BY SMOKING CIGARS

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—Otto Meyer, a dentist with an office at No. 3 East Third street, caused the arrest of his son, Benjamin, seventeen years old, on a charge of threatening the father's life. The dentist told the police that his son's mind had become affected by the excessive use of strong cigars. He said the lad smoked as many as twenty cigars a day.

MRS. GREEN SAYS WASS KISSED AND HUGGED HER

Sketched in Court by BOSTON AMERICAN Artist.

MRS. CORA M. GREEN ON STAND.

Sister-in-Law of Gloucester Man Who Seeks Divorce Gives Sensational Testimony.

LAWRENCE, Jan. 5. Mrs. Cora Merchant Green, sister of Mrs. Effie H. Wass, whose husband, Preston H. Wass, is suing her for absolute divorce, was the chief witness at the fourth day of the trial.

Under cross-examination she acknowledged that she has often time sat in Mr. Wass' lap, kissed him and had been kissed by him.

"Now, you have always been on very warm and friendly relations with Mr. Wass, haven't you?" asked Mr. Russell, counsel for Mrs. Wass.

"Yes, friendly relations."

"Have you sat in his lap?"

"Yes, when I was a little girl.

"Since you have been a big girl?"

"Yes."

"He has fondled you frequently?"

"He has kissed me and put his arms around me."

Asked in regard to what Mrs. Wass had said the time they quarrelled, Mrs. Green said that she believed it was in regard to something about her having been the cause of her unhappy married life.

Had Quarrel.

Mrs. Green testified that she was to have been married in 1902 in her sister's home, but that the ceremony was put off, the wedding was held at the home of Mr. Wass's mother.

Mr. Wass was recalled by Counsel Pew. He denied the charges made in his wife's affidavit against Cora, and said there was absolutely no truth in the incidents related by his wife and others.

Mr. Wass related very dramatically the quarrel between him, his wife and Cora. He said:

"The night my wife returned from Salem I accused her of going there to get letters from Maine. She denied it. I had suspicions of her friendship with John Nevell, and thought that she was getting letters from him, and it was pretty important, two said something about her staying away and leaving the children, and Mrs. Wass opened up on her, accusing her of breaking up her home.

Mr. Wass stated regarding the divorce sickness of his discharging Rose Ella Ainsara, the cook, that he would rather have his children sleep in a sewer than inhale the fumes than listen to the talk of that woman.

Davis Pitied Wass.

He stated the substance of the conversation between Mr. Davis, Mrs. Wass and himself the day Mrs. Wass went to Pigeon Cove in search of him. He said that Mrs. Wass told Mr. Davis that he (Mr. Wass) was a bad man and that he neglected his family by coming to Pigeon Cove so much. Mr. Davis asked her if she was not the cause of his staying away so much by her actions in Maine. Mr. Davis then told her that he did not feel for to meddle or interfere with her troubles and that he pitied Mr. Wass.

The case was suspended at this point. Mrs. Julia Savage, of No. 46 Margaine street, Cambridge, had been summoned by the libellee, but failed to respond on the ground of illness, and counsel on both sides agreed to have her deposition taken.

USE EDITORIAL AS ARGUMENT

OF BOSTON AMERICAN

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 5.—Thousands of copies, in pamphlet form, of the editorial in the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN of December 31, under the caption of "The Eight Hour Day Is Right," have been issued by the union printers of Rhode Island, in answer to the United Typothetae, it was printed.

This editorial dealt with the strike of the union printers, who are fighting for an eight-hour day. The editorial em-phatically declared that the strikers are in the right. It declared that they ought to win their fight and asserted that they will win. It says that the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN, in the editorial mentioned, papers were extremely glad to help them, as the editorial, occupying the full column, was double measure is incorporated in this pamphlet, which the union printers are sending out as a convincing argument for their cause. They have prefaced the editorial with the following introduction:

"Why the people should be in sympathy with the local and job printers of this city. Read the comments of the BOSTON AMERICAN on the eight-hour question and you will be convinced that they are asking only for what is fair."

ROB EXPRESS OF $18,000.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—On the arrival of an express coach here from Augusta, Georgia, it was discovered that $18,000 had been taken from it on the way.

BILL FOR A NEW CONSTITUTION

$5,000,000 CRUISER

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5.—Senator Hale of Maine has introduced a bill asking Congress to authorize the construction of an armored cruiser of the first class to be named the Constitution in honor of the famous frigate now at the Charlestown Navy Yard.

The vessel, if authorized, is to be a tribute to the patriotic sentiment of the people, and is not to be counted in the annual allotment of new naval vessels authorized by congress.

Senator Hale as chairman of the committee on naval affairs has reported favorably the bill emanated from the Navy department and he gave no hint as to whether or not it had his indorsement. The bill asks for an appropriation of $5,000,000 for the construction of the vessel, this sum not to include either the armament or the armor.

FAT POLICEMEN ARE TO TAKE EXERCISE

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 5.—Colonel Sheldon Potter, Director of Public Safety, has issued an order to the lieutenants of police that the patrolmen in each district be organized into athletic companies and that they be instructed in various exercises for reducing flesh. Director Potter said that he hoped to increase the efficiency of the force in doing police work.

FOOD FOR POOR ROTS BY TON IN NEW BEDFORD

Molasses Kept Years, Produce Wasted and Extravagance Features of Investigation.

STRICT PROBE TO BE MADE

NEW BEDFORD, Jan. 5.—Tons of provisions, barrels of molasses and thousands of pounds of supplies that have not been used in years were found by Mayor Thomas Hamilton when he conducted his personal investigation of the city's almshouse.

Thirteen barrels of molasses were found, the barrels rotting away after five years' storage in the cellar.

A new keeper, George B. Borden, of New Bedford, has been elected head of the almshouse as a result of the investigation. The new keeper says he is not through yet.

Accompanied by Chairman Palsder of the poor department, Alderman Lees and Adams, the Mayor was shown through the almshouse. Superintendent Ashley was ill in bed, and Morse Kennedy escorted the party.

Finds Rum and Molasses.

After seeing the wasting molasses, the Mayor was next shown where the barrels of liquor were said to have been kept. There were no barrels there, but several gallon jugs of gin, whisky and sherry were found.

Then the attic was visited. Chairman Palsder said that in September Superintendent Ashley said he emptied rice, and Mr. Palsder proceeded to make an investigation. This was found in three unopened barrels in the attic. In addition there were forty-one packages, each containing about 100 pounds. There were about two tons of rice in the attic, some of which, it is said, have been bought two years ago, according to Mr. Palsder.

About 1,000 pounds of tobacco and a great quantity of oil was found, also about twenty sacks of coffee. Mr. Palsder said that barrels of beef, a three months' supply, was recently ordered. That was found, as well as a ton more barrels.

"What about the items that come down from the city and help purchase in the province when it is time to the fields?" asked the Mayor.

Mr. Palsder said he knew nothing about it. The mayor asked Morse Kennedy about this and he said he knew of such occurrences. Alderman Lees said he had heard of teams laden with poor farm products bound for the city. "They must come down in the night," said Mr. Palsder.

Outside Influences.

"How large was the drug bill last year?" asked the Mayor.

"I don't know," said Mr. Palsder.

"Wasn't it $1,800?"

"Well, it was large," said Mr. Palsder, "and I kicked about it."

"Haven't you been handicapped by powers outside of the almshouse?" asked the Mayor of Mr. Palsder.

"I would answer the question, and I am not saying whether I would answer it or not, if another man was here. I won't say behind a man's back what I have not first said to his face. Am I right, Mr. Mayor?"

The Mayor intimated that he was satisfied.

The Mayor touched on the great increase in the cost of maintaining the almshouse, and went over the figures. He pointed out that while to-day there are 230 persons there, in 1892 it was 287. He thought there must be something wrong when there were returns for farm produce by only one-half the hands were employed while now with twelve hands there is no return except $230 for hay.

MISSOURI OFF VIRGINIA.

NORFOLK, Va., Jan. 5.—The United States battleship Missouri, which sailed from Hampton Tuesday, accompanied by the battleship Illinois, has passed the Virginia capes.

AFTER DIGESTION—WHAT?

It's not enough to digest your food, and reduce it to pulp or liquid inside you, but it must also be properly absorbed, carried to the proper organs, filtered, purified, and carried by your blood to the various parts of your body which are worn out and stand in need of repair.

This is a system of complicated machinery, engineering, chemistry and physics, before which all of man's most wonderful achievements since the world began pale into insignificance.

And, when you come to think of it, next to the marvel of any complicated piece of mechanism itself, is the man who knows it has broken down, can repair it and make it go again.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Really, the most marvelous achievement in the vast field of man's many sided endeavors.

A perfect medicine, which never fails to cure, or set in running order again, the complicated mechanism of man's internal digestive arrangements.

The secret of the great success of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is simply this, that they have been prepared upon the firm foundation of the most thorough research into the real origin and cause of all disorders, due to an improper digestion and absorption of food.

Knowing the cause, further research led to the knowledge of how to relieve and cure.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are the only medicine founded upon certain scientific rules of treatment, which make success a certainty.

They penetrate into all the channels of your being, into the minutest arteries, the tiniest lymphatics, the faintest tracery of nerve tissue, and renew, build up, refresh, and restore to health, every disorder which improper food, poor digestion, or incomplete absorption has caused in any portion of your anatomy.

No need to consult a physician.

At the least sign of distress after eating, take Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

On the least pain or discomfort, in stomach, liver, back, or bowels, take Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

For any craving for improper food, continual hunger, continual thirst, or loss of appetite in greater or lesser form, take Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

By following these simple rules, you will save yourself much pain, suffering and discomfort, and will add great years to your span of life.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets will make you live long and happily.

Buy them.

Book on Dyspepsia free. Address F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

CONRIED GETS NEW CHORUS

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—At the Metropolitan Opera House it was stated a chorus numbering two men and women was being rehearsed to take the place of the chorus which went on strike, necessitating the singing of "Parsi" without the usual choral effects. Director Conried declared that he would under no circumstances recognize the new Chorus Singers' Union. The strikers are still holding out for a recognition of the union and an increase in salaries from $15 to $25 a week.

Seventy-five women and men applied for positions to-day and were accepted. In addition, Mr. Conried secured a score of trained singers from the Metropolitan Opera House School of Singing.

BURNS HERSELF TO DEATH IN OIL

PORTLAND, Me., Jan. 5.—Far from her home and friends and worried at her mental condition, Mary Nercles, a beautiful young Assyrian girl, an inmate of the city home, seized an oil stove, poured the kerosene on her luxurious black hair, and set fire to it with a match, hoping to end her life.

In an instant her robes were in flames, and, shrieking Miss Louise Wood, her nurse, rushed to her aid and wrapped a blanket about her. It was too late, and the injured girl died an hour later in terrible agony.

Miss Wood herself was badly burned in her attempt to rescue her patient.

The Assyrian girl had been noted for her beauty by visitors to the home. For the past few weeks she has been ill and was confined to her room. While the nurse was out for a few moments she took advantage of the occasion and took her life, fifteen days' arrest.

FOUGHT 1 HOUR IN FRENCH DUEL

PARIS, Jan. 5.—During a duel with swords Major Briant twice wounded General Peretz, disabling his right arm. The duel lasted for an hour and consisted of thirteen bouts.

The combat was brought about by an article published by Major Briant condemning General Peretz, who was chief of staff under Ex-Minister of War Andre, for connection with the secret reports made against army officers during Andre's ministry.

Peretz is the general whose salute General Brugere, commander of the army, recently refused to acknowledge in the Bois de Boulogne. Explanations before the minister of war led to an adjustment of this incident, but General Brugere made public the details of his conference with the minister regarding it and was sentenced by the council of ministers to

Telephone 7000 Oxford. Restaurant Fifth Floor, Music. Public Telephones on Each Floor.

STRICTLY FIREPROOF THROUGHOUT.

HENRY SIEGEL CO.

WASHINGTON & ESSEX STS.

Women's Retiring and Writing Parlors, Second Floor——Manicuring and Hair Dressing Parlors Adjacent.

Boys' High Quality Clothing

300 Russian Overcoats
450 Russian and Blouse Suits
275 Regular and Tourist Overcoats
All Manufacturers' Samples

$3.85 On sale Friday and Saturday at this very remarkable price. Entire surplus stock of E. J. Adler, 729 Broadway, New York. Hardly two suits or overcoats alike, but all are superior, for values range high as $7.50.

The Suits are made of fine fancy Cheviot, Blue and Black Velvets and Red Corduroy, in Russian and Blouse styles. All sizes.

The Overcoats are in Russian Tourist and regular cut, Fine All-Wool Cheviots, Oxfords and Cheviots, well-made garments. Ages 3 to 16.

(Third Floor, Essex Street Side)

On Sale Friday and Saturday, Suit or Overcoat $3.85

Velvet Flowers For Trimming Hats
Best quality Silk and Velvet Flowers, in all the new colors. Values. All reduced to.... 25c
(Second Floor, Hayward Place Side.)

Knife Rests
Cut Glass Dumbbells
A limited quantity. Regularly sold for 50c. Priced for one day only..... 29c
(In the Basement.)

Corsets
The New High Bust kind—long Princess Hips; of white and drab coutil, in sizes from 18 to 30. Regularly $1.00 now 69c
(Second Floor, Hayward Place Side.)

Women's Umbrellas
26 in. all Silk—and Silk and Linen Umbrellas—best Paragon frames, imported handles, $2.00, $4.00 and $5.00 values. All marked for this sale— special at..... $2.45
(Main Floor, Essex Street Side.)

Dress Trimmings
Sample Pieces of $2.00 and $3.00 a yard imported Black and Colored Gimp Fine Persian and Japanese Embroidered Bands and Black and White Appliques—3 yard..... 95c
(Main Floor, Hayward Place Side.)

Women's Hosiery
"Tenderfoot" Hosiery—made of fine Egyptian Maco Yarn, free from Chenils, Cheviots and dyes. Positively will not burn the foot. Very durable, elastic; imported from Chemnitz, Germany. 2 pairs for $1.00, single pair 35c
(Main Floor, Essex Street Side.)

Women's Handkerchiefs
Initial Linen Handkerchiefs.. 9c
(6 for 50c)
All Soiled or Mussed Handkerchiefs—Lace Trimmed, hemstitched and scallop, reduced to ⅓ regular prices.
6c, 9c, 18c and 25c
(Main Floor, Essex Street Side.)

Leather Goods
Walrus, Seal and Saffian Bags, with Card Case and Purse. Some surprising values in this lot. Special... $1.00
(Main Floor, Essex Street Side.)

Table Linen
Handsome Pattern Selections—Irish Bleached Double Damask—Imported Linen Sets—Regularly $1.50 and $2.00 a yard. Dispersal price, yard..... $1.00
(Main Floor, Hayward Place Side.)

Spring Veilings
The Very Newest Spring Fabrics—Neat checks with floral designs. Samples—bought as samples—priced as samples. Therefore, yard. 12½c
(Main Floor, Hayward Place Side.)

Trunks
Large Size Travelling Trunks, heavy canvas covered, hand rivited, heavy metal clamps, 2 straps around body, full $6.95
linen lined, 40-inch...
(Basement—Essex Street Side.)

Pictures
Special Leader in Colored Landscape Pastels, 2-inch gold ornamented frames, passepartout mats, size 15x36, $3.50
choice .....
(Fourth Floor, Hayward Place Side.)

Dinner Sets
$10.00 Knowles, Taylor & Knowles Semi-Porcelain Dinner Sets, new Portland shape, 112 pieces, beautifully ornamented, and $6.95
gold trimmed .....
(In the Basement.)

White Waistings
Mercerized—fine sheer quality. Neat new designs for Shirt Waists and Children's Dresses; 19c in regular piece, only a limited quantity at, 12½c
yard .....
(Main Floor, Hayward Place Side.)

Ice Skates
Peck & Snyder's celebrated No. O Club Skate for Men and Boys 45c
No. 19 All Strap Skates for Women and Girls 75c
(Third Floor, Essex Street Side.)

Clocks
Gold Plated Carriage or Travelling Clocks, mounted with border of brilliant rhinestones. Reduced from $10.00 to $4.75
(Basement.)

Women's Stocks
Slightly soiled from handling—made of ALL WASH MATERIAL—25c values— 12½c
choice .....
(Main Floor, Hayward Place Side.)

Perfume
$1.25 Bottle Le Grand, Paris, Orixa Violet Extract, one of the newest and most popular odors. (Only one bottle to a 95c
customer) .....
(Main Floor, Essex Street Side.)

Caster Sets
Genuine Cut Glass Oil and Vinegar Bottles. Best quality silver plated frame. Full size. Extraordinary value, full size, regularly $5.00, now..... $2.75
(Main Floor, Essex Street Side.)

Ribbon Remnants
Reduced ½ in Price
Loom Ends and Remnants of fine quality all Silk, Satin and Taffeta Ribbons—3½ to 6 inches wide, all desirable shades. Regularly 25c—Special— 12½c
yard .....
(Main Floor, Hayward Place Side.)

Millinery
Clearance Reduction Prices
Fancy Hats, semi-trimmed or ready to wear. Made of finest silk and chenille braid, silk velvet—shirred and corded.
$1.25 for $3.00 and $3.50 Values
(Second Floor, Hayward Place Side.)

Whitestone Brooches
One-Half Price
Best quality fine cut Stones—very brilliant diamond setting—many designs and sizes.
63c (For $1.25 Values.) 75c (For $1.50 Values.) $1.00 (For $2.00 Values.) $1.50 (For $2.50 Values.)
(Main Floor, Essex Street Side.)

Women's Coats of Cheviots, Kerseys, Scotch Mixtures Almost ½

1525 Winter Coats, made semi-fitted, full box, empire and tight-fitting, in heavyweight Cheviots, Kersey and Scotch Mixtures; half, three-quarter and seven-eighth lengths. These are new coats, bought especially for this sale at sharp price concessions. Two leading manufacturers, desiring to devote their time to Spring work, have closed out to us their entire remaining stock of Winter Coats.

(Second Floor, Essex Street Side)

$12.50 Kersey, Covert and Mixed Coats $7.50
$15.00 Auto and Street Coats $10.00
$22,50 Fitted and Empire Coats $15.00
$30,00 Evening and Street Coats, Broadcloths and Kerseys $19.75

All styles and sizes, from 32 to 44.

CITIZENS APPROVE OF GOVERNOR'S PLAN TO ABOLISH POLICE BOARD

FIRST PHOTOGRAPH EVER PUBLISHED OF ENTIRE STATE POLICE FORCE.

From a Photograph Taken at the Inauguration Ceremonies at the State House by a Boston American Photographer.

CREATION OF EXCISE BOARD IS INDORSED

Boston "Home Rulers" Oppose Guild on Question of State Control of Licenses.

WHAT THE LEADERS SAY

Evidences of thorough approval with the recommendation of Governor Curtis Guild, Jr., that the present Police Commission of the city of Boston be abolished by the Legislature and there be substituted a single Police Commissioner, who shall guide the destinies of the Police Department, while there shall be created an excise board of three persons, whose work it shall be to grant saloon licenses in the city of Boston, were evident to-day, when politicians, business men, lawyers, many of them representing Boston liquor dealers and men whose names stand as municipal reform, joined in expressing their belief that Governor Guild's inaugural suggestion should be carried out.

Think Mayor Should Appoint.

The only difference of opinion which has been so far manifested has come over the question as to who shall appoint the members of the new Excise Board. Those who have always led in the fight for "Home Rule" for Boston as against the State control stand out against the Governor, and demand that the Mayor of Boston appoint the new board. Members of the Legislature, many of them, back up the Governor in his belief that the board should be appointed by the State Executive.

A fight on this question is expected to come when the bill embodying the Governor's recommendations comes before the Legislature. Governor Guild will have the support of many of the up-State legislators, while those from Boston and the larger cities of the Commonwealth, will join in supporting the "Home Rulers."

Governor Guild's suggestion as expressed in his inaugural address was as follows:

The Governor's Recommendation.

"Legal schooling and practical experience are alike violated in the construction of the present Board of Police. The policeman who appears as a witness before three gentlemen sitting as judges in regard to a license may be removed or promoted by the same individuals, acting in the capacity of his commanding officers.

"Disagreement, moreover, as to method among three perfectly sincere men may create delay at any time and prevent the prompt use of instant action in emergencies, absolutely necessary for an effective police.

"Further and even more important, the dual function of excise officer and police commissioner, by reason of the conflict of duties, checks the efficiency of control. The decision, for example, reached in the granting of liquor licenses engenders unduly on days more than long for the feeling of every energy to the rooting out of vice and the prevention and suppression of crime.

"I therefore recommend that an excise board of three, appointed and confirmed by the Governor and Council, and representing at least two political parties, be given control of the liquor traffic; and that a single police commissioner, similarly appointed and confirmed, be placed at the head of the police.

"The police commissioner should neither recommend nor grant licenses; but in case of disagreement between the commissioner and the excise board as to the desirability of revoking such a license, for cause shown by the police commissioner, he should be given power to suspend the license at once, pending a reference of the question for final settlement to an appropriate judicial authority."

What Leading Men Say.

Here are some expressions of opinion from leading men of Boston as to the soundness of the Governor's radical recommendation:

Robert Treat Paine—"I think the recommendation is a good one. The present Board is so swamped with work, and it seems to me the regulation of the licenses is ample work for any board."

Congressman John A. Keliher—"The principle of a division of the police and excise powers is one I approve, but in making any change I think Boston's city government should have a voice as it does now. I say, the Tyrrell Commission."

Judge Henry S. Dewey—"I heartily agree with Governor Guild and his movement. The present board ought to be legislated out of office, and at once."

Francis Peabody, Jr.—"I thoroughly approve the recommendation, and believe the change to be a very necessary one."

Ex-Mayor Josiah Quincy—"I believe in the advantages of a single-headed police administration, and, therefore, approve of the Governor's recommendation to that effect.

CEREMONIES OF INAUGURATION WERE ELABORATE

Elaborate ceremonies marked the inauguration of Curtis Guild, Jr., as Governor of the Commonwealth and of Eben S. Draper as Lieutenant-Governor. Before the House and Senate, sitting in joint session, the oath of office was administered by President Duna of the Senate, first to the Governor and to the Lieutenant-Governor. Following this came the reading by the Governor of his inaugural message.

A brilliant society audience attended the inaugural exercises, which were held in the Representative chamber. Women filled the galleries, outnumbering the men in a ratio of two to one. On the lower floor, besides the members of the Great and General Court, were the Justices of the Supreme Court and executive officers of the State government.

The only part played in the exercises by Governor Bonfils was his meeting with Governor-elect Guild in the Governor's executive chamber, where there was handed over to the new executive by Governor Douglas a key of the State House, General Butler's Bible, record books and other articles which are a part of the effects of every Governor of the Commonwealth. These exercises preceded the exercises in the Representative chamber.

Following the inaugural exercises, Governor Guild was the guest of his staff at luncheon at the New Algonquin Club.

Photographed by Boston American Photographer.

GOVERNOR CURTIS GUILD, JR., AT HIS DESK IN OFFICE AT THE STATE HOUSE.

GYPSY MOTHS ARE USED IN BUNCO GAME

Citizens Complain That Contractors Overcharge and Fail in Work.

The gypsy and browntail moths have achieved new and undesirable fame. They are being utilized to further bunco games, according to complaints received by Superintendent Kirkland of the State Department for suppression of these pests.

Residents of some of the affected districts are complaining that they have hired men, supposed to be reputable contractors engaged in destroying these moths, and have been overcharged for work which was imperfectly done at that. In some cases these contractors have failed to kill all the moths, or have left moth webs on the ground in large numbers without burning them as they should.

Superintendent Kirkland warns the public to-day that there are plenty of reputable contractors engaged in the work and that a list of them can be obtained at No. 73 Beacon street, Boston. He also suggests that, in case of excessive charges, payment be withheld until the work has been examined by a state inspector.

SUFFERED AGONIES FOR FOUR YEARS

Whole Foot Nothing But Proud Flesh —Tried Different Physicians and All Kinds of Ointments—Could Walk Only With Crutches—Ohio Man Says:

"CUTICURA REMEDIES THE BEST ON EARTH"

"In the year 1899 the side of my right foot was cut off from the little toe down to the heel, and the physician who had charge of me was trying to sew up the side of my foot, but with no success. When he found out that wouldn't work, he began trying to heal the wound with all kinds of ointment, until at last my whole foot and way up above my calf was nothing but proud flesh. I suffered untold agonies for four years, and tried different physicians and all kinds of ointments. I could walk only with crutches. It is eleven months ago since I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment for my limb and foot. The first two months the Cuticura Remedies did not seem to work, but I kept on using them both. In two weeks afterwards I saw a change in my limb. Then I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment often during the day and kept it up for seven months, when my limb was healed up just the same as if I never had trouble.

"It is eight months now since I stopped using Cuticura Remedies, the best on God's earth. I am working at the present day, after five years of suffering. The cost of Cuticura Ointment and Soap was only 50c, but the doctors' bills were more like $600. You can publish my name and refer any one to write to me about Cuticura Remedies. I will answer all letters if postage is enclosed. John M. Lloyd, 718 S. Arch Ave., Alliance, Ohio, June 27, 1905."

Complete External and Internal Treatment for every Humor, from Pimples to Scrofula, from Infancy to Age, consisting of Cuticura Soap, 25c. Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c., in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60's, may be had of all druggists. A single set often cures. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

"How to Cure Skin and Blood Diseases," free.

KING'S FIANCEE TO VISIT POPE

ROME, Jan. 5.—Reports in circulation to the effect that negotiations are proceeding at the Vatican regarding the forthcoming marriage of the King of Spain to Princess Ena of Battenberg are without foundation. The Vatican has not yet been officially notified that such a marriage is to take place.

It is supposed here that the Princess is being instructed with a view to her conversion to Catholicism by Father Bernard Vaughan, of the Jesuit Order, a brother of the late Cardinal Archbishop of Westminster.

It is expected that the Princess will come to Rome after her conversion and before her marriage on a visit to the Pope, as she will be unable to do so when she becomes Queen of Spain, because of the relations between the Quirinal and the Vatican.

FIVE GENERALS DIE IN BATTLE

PUERTO PLATA, San Domingo, Jan. 5.—The forces of General Demetrio Rodriguez, after two days' heavy fighting against Santiago and Puerto Plata, were entirely routed, losing 120 men in killed and wounded. Generals Rodriguez, Lico and Perez were killed.

Among the Caceres forces, Generals Pedro Vanegas and Antonio Calderon were killed.

American cruisers prohibited the gunboat from bombarding the town or the fort from using artillery. The revolutionary forces remarked on their gunboat in the harbor this morning.

CARTRIDGE BAKED IN CRULLER; BOY SHOT

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—Antonio Castignolo, seven-year-old son of a baker of the same name, dropped a cruller with which he had been playing in his father's shop. There was a loud explosion and the boy fell scrilling to the floor. It transpired that a cartridge of large calibre had been baked in the cruller, which exploded when it was dropped to the floor.

The boy is in the Harlem Hospital with the cruller in his stomach, and his condition is serious. Carmella Casarlo, eighteen years old, assistant baker, is locked up pending an investigation.

BEACON STREET AND THE SLUMS OF BOSTON.

Do not fail to read "The Hidden Marriage," Sidney Warwick's thrilling love story. It begins in to-morrow's BOSTON AMERICAN.

What District Attorney Moran And Mayor Fitzgerald Say of Gov. Guild's Views on Excise

WHAT THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY SAID: "In a public letter of Sept. 27, 1897, I extensively expressed myself in favor of a police board separate from a license board. The Governor is nearly eight years behind me. Of course, it is gratifying to me to learn that he concurs with me as to a separate commission."—*Statement by District Attorney John B. Moran.*

WHAT THE MAYOR SAID: "If a change is to be made, and I have no positive opinion on the matter at present, I feel that the city of Boston ought to have something to say about the appointment and control of the board.—

"The brilliant picture of the industrial and manufacturing conditions painted by the Governor in his address shows that Boston is not progressing as other cities in the country are, a condition of affairs brought about by unwise legislation forced upon Boston by some of the country legislators." *Statement by Mayor John F. Fitzgerald.*

BURKE'S

Dublin Bottled

Guinness STOUT

A Delicious Beverage—Wholesome and Easily Digested

An Absolutely Pure Malt and Hop Product

THE DUBLIN BOTTLING

Morris Chairs

Morris Chairs are the most comfortable of all chairs—you can adjust them to any position you may want and recline in them as easily as on a couch.—OUR STOCK OF MORRIS CHAIRS comprises about everything produced by manufacturers. They are made in oak, mahogany and weathered oak from selected dried wood and are built to wear. The cushions are reversible and made of plush or leather. Prices

$4.98 to $25.00

We Furnish the Home From Cellar to Roof

CASH OR CREDIT

SHAWMUT FURNITURE COMPANY

TWO STORES 267-269 Tremont Street 827 Washington Street

SWAP YOUR GUN FOR A CANOE

The Barter and Exchange Ad. WILL DO FOR YOU

ONE CENT A WORD

The highest-grade, lowest-priced clothing that bears the Union Label is Morse-made.

There's little value to be attached to the spasmodic, the uncertain, the temporary effort.

It's the steady, persistent, carefully planned and wisely executed effort that wins confidence and secures the desired results.

That's why our Counter-Clearing Markdown, modestly advertised, with an entire absence of spread-eagleism, always receives the consideration of discerning persons.

They have learned to regard this sale of Morse-made clothing, that occurs regularly twice a year, as an opportunity to get unusual values.

This year is no exception, as an inspection of the following items will prove.

	Was	Now
Overcoats	$30	$23
Overcoats	$42	$33
Overcoats	$25	$19
Overcoats	$20	$15
Ove coats and Suits	$25	$19
Overcoats and Suits	$20	$15
Overcoats and Suits	$15	$11
Overcoats and Suits	$10	$7.50
Overcoats and Suits	$10	$7.50

FOR BOYS

(Sizes 15 to 19 Years)

	Cut to
$18 Overcoats and Suits	$13.50
$15 Overcoats and Suits	$11.00
$12.50 Overcoats and Suits	$10.00
$12 Overcoats and Suits	$8.50
$10 Overcoats and Suits	$7.50

(Sizes 8 to 16 Years)

	Cut to
$8 Two-Piece Suits	$6.00
$6.50 Two-Piece Suits	$5.00
$5 Two-Piece Suits	$3.75
$3.75 Two-Piece Suits	$3.00
$3 Two-Piece Suits	$2.50

Equally decisive reductions on our Juvenile Suits and Overcoats.

OPEN SATURDAY UNTIL 10 P. M.

Parrold Morse & Co.

WASHINGTON AND BRATTLE STS.

BRILLIANT FETE AT WHITE HOUSE

President Entertains Diplomatic Corps and Announces the Wedding of Miss Alice.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 5.—The reception in the White House, given by the President and Mrs. Roosevelt, was nothing out of the most brilliant affairs the historic mansion has ever known.

The diplomatic corps, which now numbers nearly 200 members was present in gorgeous regalia. Mrs. Roosevelt, in compliment to the occasion, wore her magnificent autumnal gown for the first time since March 4.

Miss Roosevelt, again the centre of attraction in the blue room and the east room as on New Year's day, appeared in a handsome pale blue satin, which she wore at her father's inaugural ball, and which is familiar to the American public from the fact that her favorite photograph was taken in it. The ladies of the cabinet all wore new and elegant gowns, and the company in the blue room was selected as a special compliment to the foreign corps.

Prior to the reception the President and Mrs. Roosevelt announced that the wedding of Miss Roosevelt and Mr. Longworth would occur in the East room of the White House on Saturday, February 17, at noon. The ceremony will be performed by the Bishop of Washington, assisted by the Rev. Roland Cotton Smith, rector of St. John's, the church which the President and Miss Roosevelt attend. The ceremony will be followed by a breakfast to be served in the state dining room.

Mrs. Fairbanks, wife of the Vice-President, was the guest of honor for whom Mrs. Southerland, wife of Commander W. H. Southerland, entertained at luncheon to-day.

ALASKAN EXPLORER DIES.

MONTREAL, Jan. 5.—Francis Mercier, who gained some fame as an Alaskan explorer, is dead here.

FOOT CUT OFF; CLINGS TO CAR

Cambridge Boy Mangled Stealing Ride on Freight Hangs on Until Train Stopped.

His foot crushed off under the wheels of a freight car, and the stump of his leg dangling on the ground, Joseph Kranic, thirteen, clung to the step of the car and was carried a quarter of a mile before the train stopped at Beaver Brook station, from where he was taken to Massachusetts General Hospital.

With two companions Kranic boarded the fast Concord freight as it slowed up at Tower F. The two other boys climbed on the steps, but Joseph carelessly placed his foot on the track, clinging on by the step alone.

A short time afterward a scream for help attracted the attention of the boys, who were horrified to see that Joseph's foot had slipped and was caught under the wheels. His left foot was dangling and dragging along the tracks, threatening each minute to catch in the sleepers and toss the youngster from his perch.

He was dragged this way for more than 100 feet, when the section of air brake hose which connects the vessels of the car, which passed over it, taking it off above the knee. A pump at the Waterstreet crossing saw the swaying figure and yelled at the crew, but the latter did not hear them.

Although growing in agony and every minute growing weaker, the plucky boy did not lose his head, but maintained his grasp on the step, apparently conscious that it was his only chance for life.

HURLEY NOT ILL.

The report which has gained circulation that Captain Dan Hurley of the Harvard football team is in a critical condition is without foundation. Hurley is getting on splendidly and has received the attention of the Harvard medical school. Hurley recently spent a week in the Maine woods and the trip did much to get him back on his feet.

CUT GLASS PEPPER

To Match the SALT Shake Given Last Week

FREE

To each person bringing a 3-Line

WANT

or other Classified Advertisement (Except Situations and Barter & Exchange)

to the office, 80 Summer St., for the

Sunday American, Jan. 7th

Remember, these Salts and Peppers are of the best Cut Glass and is good as the market affords.

LABOR NEWS

UNION LABEL COUNCIL — 96 — TRADES LABOR — UNITED PRINTING TRADES — REVERE, MASS.

Calib W. Cameron has been chosen business agent of the Carpenters' District Council of Boston and vicinity for the fourth term.

William D. McIntosh of Roxbury Carpenters' Union No. 87 succeeds John McKinnon as president. The other officers-elect are: Vice-president, Samuel Mc-Arthur, Cambridge Union No. 441; recording secretary, A. W. Wendell, Roxbury Union No. 438; treasurer, H. M. Taylor, Roxbury Union No. 87; executive clerk, Clifford Dexter, Allston Union No. 859; sergeant-at-arms, W. Wendell, Roxbury; Cambridge Union No. 1,555; trustees, C. J. McArthur, Somerville Union No. 786; D. F. Dee, Dorchester Union No. 1,386; J. J. Flinn, Medford Union No. 777; auditors, Charles Murray, Union No. 441; P. R. Kiekham, Boston Union No. 33; Clifford Dexter, Allston Union No. 859.

At Paine Memorial Hall, Friday, January 12, thirty-two municipal unions, district branches and unions of Boston and vicinity will hold a mass meeting and conference committee. This committee confers with the Master Carpenters' Association to decide on trade matters.

AFFILIATES WITH B. T. C.

Sign Writers' Union voted to affiliate with the Building Trades Council at last night's meeting at Labor Temple. Also this action was taken after addresses by Thomas F. Keenop and Frederick Smith of the Building Trades Council, and Business Agent Harry Noble of Painters' Union No. 6. Charles Young, Joseph Hurley and Edward Goring were appointed to confer with the Master Carpenters' Association to decide on trade matters.

The secretary was instructed to send a list of union sign shops to the trade in general to boom the label. Seven applications were admitted, two entering on clearance secretary, A. W. Cunningham. Two received. The union now meets on the first and third Thursday evenings at Castle Square Hall.

JUNIOR PRESSMEN INSTALL.

Franklin Association No. 18 of Junior Pressmen, Feeders and Assistants installed the following officers at last night's meeting at Wells Memorial Building: President, Joseph A. Burt; vice-president, John J. Corcoran; business agent and secretary-treasurer, Michael O'Connor; financial secretary, Michael H. O'Connor; sergeant-at-arms, Mervart Mowatt; directors, John Connors, Michael H. Murphy, Stephen Welch, William Thompson and Walter Blake.

Fifty delegates were present when W. F. Jones, the first officer, called the meeting to order. Following the installation there was an entertainment and smoker.

MADDEN TAKES OFFICE.

J. W. Madden, the newly elected president, and other officers of Machinists' Union Lodge No. 264, were installed at last night's meeting by Past President John J. Fox.

It was decided to hold a ball at an early date and a committee was appointed to make arrangements. W. E. Jones, a crippled miner, was donated $5.

LAMB ON "CO-OPERATION."

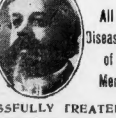
Henry W. Lamb, treasurer of the Brookline Friendly Society, talks to-night on "Co-operation," under the auspices of the Brookline Friendly Society and Brookline

DON'T FAIL TO READ "THE HIDDEN MARRIAGE."

It is a fascinating love story of Beacon street and the slums of Boston. The first two chapters will be printed in to-morrow's BOSTON AMERICAN.

No Knife AND No Anesthetic

CANCER TUMOR CURED —BY— ABSORPTION



All Chronic and Blood Diseases All Diseases of Men

SUCCESSFULLY TREATED

CONSULTATION FREE.

Send for Booklet and Symptom Blank.

Dr. James M. Solomon

2A BEACON ST., BOSTON, MASS.

Hours 10 to 6 Saturday 10 to 9 Sunday 10 to 2

LABOR NOTES.

The 49th annual ball of the Cigar Packers' Snipfo Fellows' Hall, promises to be a big success.

Stationary Engineers' Union will consider several important matters at to-night's meeting at Druid Hall, No. 176 Tremont street.

David Steensen has been re-elected president of Plasterers' Union No. 30 for the fourth term.

CLOTHING.

TERRIBLE SLAUGHTER!

Hundreds of people witnessed this great slaughter sale of Clothing at our store, 55 Hanover street. Clothing of all kinds for men and boys, furnishing goods, hats, shoes, trunks, etc., all to be sold away at about THIRTY CENTS ON THE DOLLAR. Owing to the warm weather we had, the manufacturers have found themselves overstocked. Knowing this we are to-day the gainers. We have had sales, we received several letters from different customers telling us how much they saved on what they bought. Realizing the success of the season's sale, we have decided to make a second purchase. Our buyer left for New York to-day and they are yours at about 30c. on the dollar. Greatest slaughter of great values ever known in Boston. Don't miss this great slaughter sale. It will pay you to come to-day. Here are a few of the hundreds of bargains we have to offer: Men's suits, worth $10.00, your choice during this sale for $3.69; your choice for $4.69; worth $12.00, $14.00, $16.00, $18.00, $20.00, worth $25.00, $30.00, $35.00, $40.00, $45.00, $50.00, worth $2.00, 350 pairs of Men's Pants, all sizes, worth $3.00, your choice for $1.49; Men's Fine Dress Pants for $3.48, $4.69, $4.80, worth $5.00, $6.00, $7.00.

Men's Overcoats, Oxford Blue and Black $3.48; worth at $10.00. $12.00, $14.00, $16.00, $18.00, $20.00, $25.00, $30.00, $35.00, $40.00, $45.00, $50.00, worth $12.00, $14.00, $16.00, $18.00, $20.00,

WHOLE WORLD OF **SPORTS** COVERED FOR THE **BOSTON AMERICAN** BY ITS CORPS OF **EXPERTS**

O'BRIEN IS GARDNER'S TARGET

Lowell Boxer Wants to Fight Twenty Rounds for $5,000 Side Bet.

HART ALSO HIS GAME

George Gardner, the well-known Lowell lightheavy-weight, and one time champion of that class, issues a well-directed challenge to Jack O'Brien, through the BOSTON AMERICAN.

Gardner claims that he has more right to meet the new champion than any other fighter in the country, as he has an easy victory to his credit over Marvin Hart, who seems likely to be O'Brien's next opponent, and Jack Root, from whom he won the lightweight title at Reno, only later to lose it to Fitz, who in turn lost it to the Quaker.

Gardner's challenge was wired to the BOSTON AMERICAN as follows:

Sporting Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:—

"Now that Jack O'Brien is in Boston, and, as he says, willing to meet all comers, I hereby challenge him to meet me, in a twenty-round contest, for the light heavyweight championship, which he now holds, and for a side bet of $5,000, said money to be posted at time of signing of articles.

"I think my record entitles me to the champion's first consideration, having beaten Hart easily, and drawn with him when a bi subject for a hospital, I think that I should get first chance.

"It is only two years ago that O'Brien was offered big inducements to meet me in a six-round go in Chicago, but he refused to meet me.

"O'Brien, being champion, can name his own terms; I will fight him, winner take all or split the receipts any old way that suits him.

"If O'Brien is afraid to fight me, this is also open to Marvin Hart.

Truly yours,

GEORGE GARDNER."

DON'T FAIL TO BEGIN TO-MORROW

Sidney Warwick's stirring love story of Beacon street and the slums of Boston. It is entitled "The Hidden Marriage" and begins in to-morrow's BOSTON AMERICAN. You can't afford to miss it.

CUTLER VS. McLAUGHLIN.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—Tom Gallagher won his second victory in the 18.2 balk line billiard tournament at Daly's Academy. He defeated Edward McLaughlin 400 to 208.

Cutler and McLaughlin play to-night.

HARVARD CLASS TEAM LEADERS

The following captains have been chosen for the Harvard class hockey teams:

1908, H. L. Warren; 1907, H. W. Nichols; 1906, C. W. Barron.

The following schedule for the class series has been arranged: January 16, 1908 vs. 1909; January 18, 1907 vs. 1906; January 20, winners of preliminary matches.

CORNELL ON WATER.

ITHACA, N. Y., Jan. 5.—For the first time in the history of local aquatics the Cornell oarsmen are enjoying practice on the water in January. Yesterday, with a temperature of 47 and a warm, south wind, Coach Courtney took advantage of the Springville weather and had the candidates for the crews rowing nearly two hours on Cayuga inlet. This practice will be continued as long as the weather permits.

From Photographs Posed Especially for the Boston American by the Philadelphian.

Quaker boxer tells the AMERICAN readers how to become proficient in the manly art. The upper right-hand picture typifies how to block a punch, both to the face and stomach. The upper left-hand photo illustrates the incorrect way to stand, and lower one the proper way. O'Brien says the first thing to consider is a proper position on the feet. Defence of body is also important factor, he says. Judicious feinting and heavy hitting also essentials to successful boxer.

JACK O'BRIEN TELLS HOW TO BOX

Philadelphia Jack O'Brien, champion pugilist, has consented to give the readers of the BOSTON AMERICAN exclusive news, etc. Later he will tell readers how to train and the proper diet when preparing for a contest.

BY JACK O'BRIEN.

The very first thing to be considered in learning the manly art game is a proper and easy position on your feet. This point should be given fully as much attention as active attack and defence. To take the correct attitude, place your left foot in advance of your right about fifteen inches. It is necessary at all times to maintain a perfect balance, dividing the weight equally on both feet.

The left foot should be placed flat on the floor, pointing straight out in front of your opponent's left. The right heel should be raised from the floor at least an inch, giving an opportunity to move quickly in any direction on the ball of the foot.

Distance gauging is invariably necessary in sparring for an opening and when doing this, work to your opponent's left as much as possible, keeping out of direct range of his right until the time arrives when you step in and lead.

Principles of Hitting.

Before going into details of the various blows I will give a few words of advice regarding the first principles of hitting. Always endeavor to step in and strike as quickly as possible. RETREATING AS QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE, making the blow clean cut and decisive. The quicker the blow, the more discouraging it will be for your opponent and the better you will be able to recover yourself and attack. Avoid, as far as possible, too many preliminary moves before actually striking. Feinting is all right in its place, but don't "telegraph" the nature of your blow by fiddling nervously at the same point on which you wish to lead.

Get your whole weight and power into your blows without pitching yourself off a well-balanced pose and always hold yourself in readiness to follow up an advantage with a rush when circumstances make it advisable.

A well-directed shower of blows, backed by the momentum of the body, often brings home a victory, but the attacker should keep his wits about him or he may run into a knockout.

Guarding the Body.

Guarding the body is a most valuable feature, which is seldom done justice by boxing writers. I lay particular stress on this branch of science. You should not devote too much attention to hitting, but should take great care to protect yourselves quickly and effectively from attack. Inexperience alone will teach you how to protect yourself.

There is not a boxer in the land that does not appreciate the great value of a well-hour feint. The keynote of successful feinting is rapidity. Always bear this in mind. Make up your mind quickly and exert right in to suit the action of the thought. The correct feint is as follows:

Step in with the left foot about six inches, following with the right foot. Straighten the left arm as in leading, sending the hand as closely as possible to your adversary's head without touching. Retract the arm like a piston rod, with the muscles relaxed, and then to deliver the actual blow step in quickly from eight to twelve inches, following up the left foot with the right to cover the former position of the left and lead the left hand sharply to any unguarded spot.

In reading and talking about boxing one hears a great deal about "knockout" blows. Most knockouts occur from the blow on the chin. "The point of the chin" is usually described as the landing place of a knockout of this sort, but in reality it is not to the point but rather to either side of the exact point that the blow strikes. This is not noticed by many people, but it is nevertheless true that few knockouts reach the extreme end of the lower jaw.

The Knockout Blow.

From everyday description it would seem to the uninitiated that knockouts delivered to the chin are very painful and that they are of long lasting effect, but on the contrary the blow deadens the senses completely, making it impossible to feel pain or realize your condition. A knockout is as good an anaesthetic as either ether or gas. The suddenness of the punch, which is not necessarily one of terrific force, is directly responsible for the knockout, causing the upper part of the brain to jar the brain. Beyond feeling a slight shock, a man struck in this manner knows nothing until he begins to recover, when he hears a low buzzing and all sounds seem distant. The count of the referee and the commotion of the audience appear to draw nearer as one's senses returns. In a few seconds he is on his feet again and if well trained he is very little the worse physically for his encounter.

The knockout blow to the pit of the stomach, better known as the solar plexus blow, however, is distinctly painful. Oftentimes a man will sink to the floor with one of these blows and for moments the count will follow. Finally he will fall flat on the floor, realizing that the referee is counting him out and that he can do nothing to prevent it.

SPORTING NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD.

BASEBALL.

Wee Connell will go to the races, but he has the satisfaction of having started a magic combination. It's generally the way with college players.

* * *

Pitcher Billy Carrick has drifted back to Newark. The New York club drafted Carrick from Newark six years ago.

* * *

The Chicago Nationals will have an 8, outfield next season—Schulte, Schelling, Schulte and Slagle. And it will be a mediocre outfield, too, as Schulte, Schelling, Jim Slagle and Jim Schulte are all good men. This is no joke, either.

* * *

"Otto Paul" Krueger, traded by Philadelphia to Toledy, says he will retire from the game before he will return to a minor league club.

* * *

Red Hanlon refuses to listen to one suggestion to trade Jack Harper. He expects the pitcher to repeat his work of 1904 for the Cincinnati Reds.

* * *

"Red" Donahue is well fixed in Philadelphia with his baseball and his business as an inventor. He has got a combined guard rail and fenders holder to protect the safety of pedestrians in crowded streets.

* * *

"My rule is to take chances. I want my men to take more chances on the bases than any other team. Small is a good example of the kind you've got to take them to win. My men are instructed to run on their own hook, turning a base and if there is any fumbling or hesitation on the part of the opposing players to run for home. Additionally they are instructed to keep their eyes open, their wits alive and to make the most of every opportunity," says McGraw.

* * *

Manager Ned Hanlon is preparing a grand revenge for a certain Kansas baseball writer who published an article some few days since stating that Hanlon's baseball days were over. Ned will have a team on the field, and had pulled off the greatest of all in the form of a man who had managed a world-of team for three seasons in succession prize.

* * *

Speaking of the prospects of a new manager at St. Louis, Tom Hurst, the former Detroit fan manager, said, "I pity the man who gets sentenced to the Browns' coop. When I was there, if I had been able to have secured Lajoie for $100 I couldn't have purchased him. They say he is a dead one, but there are some managers who say if I could get Lajoie for $100 I would have started a fight if he had tried his best. The man who gets there will have no snap. He deserves a Carnegie Hero Fund medal."

* * *

St. Louis owns a raft of baseball players, but none are more popular than Mike Grady, the genial ex-Boston Nationals' star, who is rapidly becoming one of the best known men in that town. He has a good thing in the quarry business, and for the last six years every game that he has seen has gone into it. As a consequence today he can write his name for a check that will stand a liberal reading into six figures.

BOXING.

Fred Ildner and Kid Parry book up at the Portland Athletic on January eighth and the fans will see a whirlwind bout. Parry recently defeated Cote, and he has a high record to uphold.

* * *

Kid Herman is picking up a little share money while he awaits the winner of the Herreen-Young contest light.

* * *

Kid Toomey, a protege of Dave Deshler, and a fast lightweight, wants to meet Young O'Leary, another Cambridge boy, in a semi-final bout at one of the big clubs.

* * *

Next Monday night, Joe Levy, the Chicago sporting man and backer of Jack Blackburn, the Athletic Club of Chicago, will put on the opening show of the season, with Gorgeous Decker of Philadelphia, and Andy Bowman of Cincinnati, for six rounds at 128 pounds.

* * *

Matchmaker McCarey of the Pacific Athletic Club of Los Angeles announced that Kid Herreen, the Chicago lightweight, defeated Eddie Hanlon and forced the count also to retire from the ring, will meet the winner of the Herreen-Young bout on February 19.

Hanlon is determined to win this bout McCarey will offer a $1,500 purse for a match between the Chicago fighter and Terry McGovern.

* * *

Robert Fitzsimmons is the oldest man that has ever taken part in a ring contest in this country. He was forty-three years old last June, according to the most authentic records. Jack Mace was forty-four years when he met Joe Coburn for the heavyweight championship in Boston. Mace and Joe Goss was forty when he lost the championship to Paddy Ryan.

* * *

A fighter is supposed to be at his best between the ages of twenty and thirty. John L. Sullivan held the championship from twenty-three to thirty-four and Jim Corbett from twenty-six to thirty-one. Fitzsimmons was middleweight champion at twenty-three, heavyweight champion at twenty-four, and thirty-seven and fight heavyweight champion of the world.

* * *

Joe Gans won the lightweight championship when he was twenty-two, and still holds the title at twenty-nine. Terry McGovern was bantam champion at the age of twenty and won the featherweight title when he was a year older, and defended it successfully for two years. Abe Attell, the featherweight champion from twenty-one to twenty-four years, and is holding the title from twenty-four to twenty-five and Battling Nelson winning it at twenty-three.

OVER 30 ANSWERED CALL.

The call of Captain Scott Woodruff of the Volkmann School for candidates for the track team to report on Coach Charles Whelan at the Cambridgeport Gymnasium was answered by over thirty boys, showing that the interest in track athletics is stronger than ever.

BOWLING.

Bill Clarke, assistant manager of the Boylston alleys, is bowling excellently well in a game with a number of friends at the alleys last night. Bill is keeping pace and what he was doing for about fifteen strings.

* * *

Littlefield, the fast-bowling Adams Square manager of the small ball, is rolling some exceedingly fine strings of late.

* * *

Pendman is flooring the pins with great regularity. Keep up the good work, Penny.

* * *

Although not a flashy bowler, Eddie Bauer, of the Roxbury alleys, is one of the steadiest men in the city. His muchness was in top-notch form last night.

* * *

Old Cap. Cuscuris, of the Roxford team, about always comes in for a slice of the money in the match games at the Roxbury alleys. Cuscuris is a fine bowler.

* * *

"Duke" McAuliffe, of the Boston & Maine team, studies his game known well before delivering the ball. The motors on the B. & M. team are to be avoid. "Duke" measures well and boys up very difficult pins.

* * *

John Bowker, with that side-shot of his, makes the bowlers cringe their necks as the ball leaves his hand. He hits the pins on when it gets into them, too.

* * *

Charlie Dolan, of the City Hall alleys, probably understands the game as well as any man in the business, and the "old man" can move the pins down with the best of them.

* * *

There was nothing but strikes and spheres for Jimmy Rich at the Rich alleys last night. That cross-alley ball of yours is a beauty, Jimmy.

* * *

Who says Billy Bones is a has-been? The way he has been rolling of late would indicate that he is even good to watch.

* * *

It has been said that Al Schrode of the Bothfeld alleys is a crack bowler. That was before the straightening out of his right wrist gave the impression that Jack is a coming champion bowler.

HOLY NAMES CONFIDENT.

The Holy Name Club, First and Second basketball teams, will play the East Boston Evening High teams in Dahlgren Hall, South Boston, Monday night. All the teams are in the best possible shape and very lively contests are promised.

Among the teams who have suffered defeat from the hands of the Holy Name aggregation at South Boston this season are the Dorchester A. A., St. Mary's, Quincy, and Hyde Park A. A.

HONEST WHISKEY $2 PER GALLON

Right from the distillery in car-load lots, beautiful bow, solid box. It makes friends for the house. No charge for jug and box; put up in bottles if you want. Send for price list. Bottle of mine with each order this week. Mail and express orders filled.

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61 and 63 Summer

MAINE DAY AT SPORTSMEN SHOW

This is Maine State day at the Sportsmen's Show, and there will be large delegations of the Pine Tree folks to take advantage of the excursion rates to visit the big affair which they have read so much about, and nothing appeals to them to the extent of this exhibition, which contains realistic portrayal of some of Maine's chosen spots.

It is expected that Governor, besides other dignitaries of the State, will journey down to be on hand on this special occasion.

The officers of the Fish and Game Association will make a special effort to entertain their guests, in whose region they have enjoyed many seasons of royal sport in the woods, and there will be many things of interest to attract the "down easters."

Will Be Two Lectures.

Besides the biograph pictures there will be an afternoon and evening lecture by Dr. Hugh M. Smith, who will speak on "Japan, the Picturesque Fishing Nation."

In numerous respects, the fisheries of Japan exceed in importance and interest those of any other country. Some of the methods of taking and curing fish are entirely unique, and in general the fishing industry presents a strong contrast to that of all western nations, while at the same time it has many features which Americans and European might profitably emulate.

The lecturer recently visited Japan for the special purpose of investigating the fisheries on behalf of the United States Government, and had excellent opportunities for obtaining a clear insight into the fishing—one of the most ancient and prosperous of the industries of the "Flowery Kingdom."

The lecture is illustrated by many beautiful slides not found in any other collection.

The United States Government renders most efficient and more direct aid to the fisheries than does the government of any other country. What the Federal Fishery Bureau aims to do, how it co-operates with the States, what its methods and practices are, and what the economic results of its work will be fully set forth by a member of that bureau.

Few people realize the extent and complexity of the Government work on behalf of the fisheries, and few are aware of the remarkable influence of that work in maintaining and increasing the supply of aquatic products in all parts of the country.

Yesterday's attendance showed no lessening as the time for doing of the show approaches and those who have waited till the last are apparently availing themselves of the short opportunity to get a glimpse of the marvelous depiction of the wonderful districts at close range.

On the trout pond there was a fly casting competition for boys under 16 years old, and the first prize went to Francis A. Nichols, who had won the highest points the day before. He made a cast of 72 feet, which is a very creditable performance for an age of fourteen years and gentlemen who saw him manipulate the feathery bait expressed great promise for his future. N. C. Savage, 61 feet, was second, and John Frye, 51 feet, r and C. D. Chapman, 49 feet, fourth.

Fox Made a Bargain.

A purchaser for the tame bull c turned up in the person of Charles K. of Haverhill, who made a bargain w Jim Paul, the Indian guide, and for a c sideration of $200 became owner of property. Mr. Fox is an enthusiastic m ber of the Fish and Game Association and makes expeditions into the woods of New Brunswick nearly every year. Mr. Fox has not made up his mind just what he will do with his new acquisition, but will take it to his home at the close of the show.

A notable visitor to the show was Hon. Jean Prevost, Minister of Colonization of Mines and Fisheries of the Province of Quebec, who made an exhaustive inspection of the exhibits and was highly pleased with all he saw.

INDOOR TRACK WORK TODAY AT HARVARD

Harvard's track season opened when the candidates assembled in a big mass meeting and were addressed by Captain Dires, Coach Garcelon, and Trainers Lathrop and Quinn. Indoor training will be begun today and the work will not be let up until the intercollegiate meet in June. Fifty hundred men have signified their intention of coming out as candidates for the Crimson track team this year. The coaches will have to rely on new material this year as veterans are scarce. The loss of Captain Schick in the sprints will be severely felt especially as it is improbable that Dodge will be able to run this year.

FIND MILITIA CAPTAIN UNFIT

AUGUSTA, Me., Jan. 5.—The board of inquiry appointed to investigate the condition of Company E, First Regiment, National Guard of Maine, known as the Mechanic Guards of Portland, finds that the company was in the Spring of 1905 very seriously disorganized, that the condition has since been improved materially, but still exists to a degree detrimental to the good of the service; that this condition is due mainly to the lack of personal presence of an efficient executive officer at its head, and that the company generally is capable of good work under such a head.

The court recommends that the resignation of Captain McDonald be accepted at the earliest moment.

CRIMSON SEVEN MEETS GREEN ON ICE JAN. 17

The Harvard hockey team will play the seven of Dartmouth on January 17 on the Stadium rink on Soldiers Field and Williams on February 7 in the same place. This is the most extended schedule of the Crimson seven just announced. It will be the first meeting on the ice between Harvard and Dartmouth and Williams. The revised schedule follows:

January 6—Newtonville Club.
January 10—Technology.
January 13—Columbia at New York.
January 17—Dartmouth.
January 20—Princeton at New York.
January 24—Andover.
January 27—Brown.
January 31—Springfield Training School.
February 3—Roxbury Latin.
February 7—Williams.
February 10—St. Paul's School.
January 17—Yale at New York.
All games not otherwise scheduled will be played at Cambridge.

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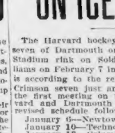

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218 Tremont St. Next Hotel Touraine
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MASSACHUSETTS COLLEGE OF PHARMACY,
DEPARTMENT OF ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY.
Boston, Mass., Oct. 27, 1905.

Mr. A. G. Van Nostrand, Charlestown, Mass.

Dear Sir:

The sample of P. B. Ale taken by me from your Bottling Department I have analyzed with the following result:

Specific gravity	1.0130
Alcohol by weight	5.9%
Total unfermented solid extract	6.2
Fermented sugar in extract	2.2%
Salicylic acid	none
Formaldehyde	none
Fluorides	none

It contains no adulteration and is pure and wholesome in every respect.

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Professor of Analytical Chemistry.

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Boston American Daily Home Magazine

NEWEST NEGLIGEE CAP

Women Who Don't Brush Their Hair Before Breakfast Find Them Very Convenient and Becoming

TO be right up to date, smart women are adopting the new lace negligee caps, the more readily as they are so universally becoming. Few women feel equal to the time and patience necessary to elaborately dress their hair before breakfast. With these caps a careful brushing and simple, loose arrangement of the tresses suffices. These soft little cascades of lace falling about the face make a charming frame. The large centre sketch shows a cap of real lace with a huge bow of soft satin ribbon. In the small, upper sketch is a charming cap of larger size in muslin and Val. lace. A rosette of narrow ribbon is hidden under the left side, while long ends are looped loosely under the chin. The third picture is of a little mob cap of lace, encircled by a narrow ribbon, which finishes in rosettes in the front.

How Married Women Might Help Along Their Girl Friends

By Beatrice Fairfax

THE married woman who monopolizes the attention of young men is contemptible.

She has had her day and should be content to rest on her laurels.

She has no business to distract the attentions of marriageable men from the young girls to whom of right they belong.

It is easy for a married woman to step in front of a girl and bear off the prize.

No one can accuse her of running after him with a view to matrimony, whereas if a girl looks on a man with eyes that are the least bit more than friendly the world immediately decides that she is running after him.

There is no reason in the world why married women should not be popular with young men, but it should be in a purely platonic fashion.

The moment a married woman sees that her friendship with a man is losing its platonic element and becoming personal, she should put a stop to it.

It is a duty she owes to her husband, the other man and herself.

There was a time when to her the most desirable thing in life was the love of her husband.

She may still value it in a perfunctory sort of way, but she is not satisfied with it.

Her vanity is never appeased unless she is surrounded by men.

If her husband really cares for her and is anything of a man he will not put up with this state of affairs.

But very often it happens that his love has cooled a little or that business cares engross him, and so he allows his wife to continue in her harmful pursuit.

It is not at all an uncommon sight in a ballroom to see a number of young girls sitting around unclaimed for the dances, while the married women absorb the attention of young men.

A married woman can do so much for her girl friends if she has a mind to.

In a hundred ways she can help along a budding love affair.

Praise from her can do much toward making a girl popular.

She has had her day of dance and frolic; it is now her turn to help others to have the same.

These frolicsome matrons who cannot settle down are enough to make a man think twice before marrying.

It is all very well for other men's wives to be gay and flirtatious, but a man wants his own wife to be domestic.

Then again it sets a very bad example to young girls. It gives them the idea that the chief benefit to be derived from marriage is the opportunity to run about with men and have unlimited freedom.

The married woman has had her opportunity of making a success or a failure of life.

It is only fair that she should step aside and let others have their innings.

Washing Is Easy If You Know How

WHEN ironing stand your iron on a clean white brick; it will retain the heat much longer than if you put on an ordinary stand.

Washing fabrics that are inclined to fade should be soaked and rinsed in very salt water, to set the color, before washing in suds. The proportion is one cupful of salt to every pail of water.

To make gum arabic starch, powder one ounce of fine gum, and pour over it half a pint of boiling water. Stir till dissolved, strain and bottle. For use allow one teaspoonful of the preparation to each one-half pint of water.

As some muslins take starch much better than others. It is always as well to test it with a small piece of material before using. The proportions can then be regulated accordingly.

To wash a white silk slip place in a saucepan of water a handful of bran tied in a muslin bag, a piece of yellow soap cut up, and bring to a boil.

Pour the water into a basin, and cool, then wash the slip in this, rubbing the soiled parts without soap; rinse in cold water; and wring. Wrap in a clean, dry towel and put through the wringer; repeat in another dry towel and press with a moderately hot iron. The slip will look like new.

Articles to be glazed should be first starched in cold starch, then ironed damp. Next dip a piece of flannel in French chalk and rub it smoothly on each article, after which a piece of white curd soap is rubbed over the chalk. Finally the articles are ironed on the wrong side only with a moderately hot iron, and when finished have all the appearance of white porcelain.

When your irons are hot rub them with a little fine salt. Lay the salt on a flat surface and rub them well. It will prevent them sticking to anything starched and make them smooth.

A piece of fine sandpaper is also a good thing to rub the irons on. Rubbing the irons over with beeswax adds to the glossiness of the linen that is ironed.

When hanging out clothes to dry, stockings should be hung up from the toes; while flannels must be hung out at once and be well shaken before hanging them.

Nightdresses, etc., should be hung up from the shoulders, as this does not drag any garment when pinning; allow it to hang easily.

Rubbing soap on flannels and other woollen garments means ruin to them. They should be washed in a lather made by adding soap jelly to warm water. Make the soap jelly before the washing day, so that you may begin work as early as convenient. Take as much soap as will be needed and shred it finely with a knife. Put it into a saucepan and cover it with water.

Allow the soap to slowly melt over the fire till clear and without lumps, then pour it into a pot or jar to stand till required for use. When melting the soap do not boil it quickly and do not stir the saucepan, for the soap is very apt to boil over, and this not only wastes it, but causes a disagreeable smell in the house.

Any odds and ends of soap may be used up for the soap jelly, but it should be made freshly each week, for it loses its strength if kept many days.

IF YOU WERE CAPTAIN, WHAT WOULD YOU DO?

ast Chance to Win Prize in This Competition

k closes in the last day of ... fascinating competition which has set all New England guessing.

Better be in at the finish.

Of course you have been debating the question. Better put your opinion in writing. Two more cash prizes of $2 and $1 will be awarded. You may win one of them.

Here is the proposition: On a sinking ship are three passengers—a married man, an aged woman and a little girl. There is only one life preserver.

To whom should the captain give the last lifebelt—the aged woman, whose lease of life has nearly expired?—the man in the prime of life, with wife and children dependent upon him?—or the little girl, with nearly all her life before her? What would YOU do?

Letters must not be over 150 words in length. Address Home Page Editor, BOSTON AMERICAN. Nos. 80-82 Summer street, Boston.

A LOT OF "IFS"

EDITOR HOME MAGAZINE:

In answer to your question, "Which would you save," I think I would give the life preserver to the elderly woman for these reasons:

The man in the prime of life should be nearly as able as the captain himself, who is past his prime, to manage to save himself, either by clinging to some portion of the wrecked ship or to float on some log that could be taken from the ship.

If the lifebelt is given to the man, the woman, who probably could not stand the ..., would sink.

The young girl, who has a life before her, is most likely more strength than the ... woman, and she might treat that ... captain may save her in some way.

JOHN McCARTHY.
3 Blaney street, Salem.

GREAT POSSIBILITIES

EDITOR HOME MAGAZINE:

The captain must decide at once, and, brave man that he doubtless is, he would not think of saving his fellow man, thus leaving the old lady and little girl to perish.

The old lady is worthy of all the respect and reverence her age entitles her to, but she is in the evening of life and at best can have but few years more to live.

The girl has great possibilities, and may be the means of doing the future great good to her fellow creatures.

I think the lifebelt should be given the little girl. ROGER GRIMWADE.
Charlton.

SAVES EVERYBODY

EDITOR HOME MAGAZINE:

If I were the captain it would be very hard to decide, but I would say give it to the man, as he has a wife and children dependent on him. Her fond husband gone, her children fatherless, the wife probably have done our duty through life as well as we could, we should not fear death.

would not be strong enough to work and the children would be left suffering for the necessities of life.

If the old lady or young girl receive it, they may not have strength enough to reach land, as I think it would take all the man's strength to do that.

It seems as though charity would prompt the captain to try and save the little girl's life, and it seems as if the man who got the lifebelt would make an effort to save the old lady. FLORENCE DARCEY.
No. 37 Upton street, Salem.

MORE THAN ONE LIFE

EDITOR HOME MAGAZINE:

I am sure the good captain will hardly know whom to save, but I think the father of a family ought to have the lifebelt. The children and wife who are waiting for him can only have one father.

The woman's days are nearly ended, and as the little girl is young she will not have to face hardships as many do as they grow older. MRS. SUSIE STRINGER.
No. 131R Pearl street, Somerville.

COULD MARRY AGAIN

EDITOR HOME MAGAZINE:

I say save the old lady. She has had to go through life with all its trials and troubles, and deserves a better ending than such a terrible death.

The child, I think, will be just as well off dead before she has to fight life with its struggles and temptations.

Perhaps the man is no help to his family. Such things do happen, and as there are plenty more men, his wife might make a better choice and be still better off.
Rockland. MRS. W. ROBBINS.

FROM AN OCTOGENARIAN

EDITOR HOME MAGAZINE:

In reply to the problem as to which of the three should be given the lifebelt, I should say decidedly the man, for the sake of his wife and family.

I am now eighty years and two months old. In February, 1905, I came here from England alone, did not know one on board, I have seen many women left with families.

No doubt the captain would do his best for one, and the man for the other. Life preserving is out of us, but I have come to no other conclusion than that the man should have the lifebelt.

L. A. LAXTON.
No. 43 Orleans street, Boston.

SOMEBODY'S DARLING

EDITOR HOME MAGAZINE:

I would give the life preserver to the little girl, knowing that she was not the strength of the others to make a struggle for her life.

If I could help the aged woman or the man in any other way I would do so, but the little girl should be picked up by a passing vessel or cast ashore, would not the very ordeal she had passed through be the cause of her spending the rest of her life in doing good toward others?

If the aged woman, the ... herself would not be strong enough to work and

No. 311 Auburn street, Manchester, N. H.

FROM A LITTLE GIRL

EDITOR HOME MAGAZINE:

If I were captain I would give the last lifesaver to the aged woman, who is feeble and helpless. When the captain looks upon the face of the feeble old lady it would perhaps remind him of his own mother and he would have sympathy for her.

As the man is young he can certainly swim or cling to some log until some one comes to his aid. As the captain is a good swimmer he could save the little girl.

The aged woman would get the lifesaver if I were the captain.
BESSIE MADDEN, aged twelve years.
No. 116 Burlington street, Woburn.

PESSIMISTIC

EDITOR HOME MAGAZINE:

If I were the captain on the sinking ship, with only one lifebelt to dispose of, I think I would give it to the aged woman.

The child, judging from my experience of life, perhaps would escape a world of trouble. The man, being stronger, would be better able to battle with the conditions than either of the others, while the utter helplessness of the aged woman, I am certain, would appeal to me. J. MCLURE.
No. 201 Shawmut avenue, Boston.

Yesterday's Prize Winner

M. E. BARRON,
No. 95 Hamilton street,
Worcester

"DON'TS" FOR THE HEALTH

DON'T wash your face in hot water before starting out for a ride. It opens the pores of the skin and makes them more sensitive to dust and dirt.

Don't use soap and water on your return. Rub a good skin food into the face, and rub off with a piece of cotton wool or wisp of tissue paper.

Don't wrinkle the forehead when worried, or draw the brow together in a frown when out in a bright light. If the eyes are weak, shield them and wear only broad-brimmed hats. Nothing ages a woman so much as deep ridges on the forehead.

Don't rest with the face pillowed in the hands. Perfect repose persevered to for a few minutes in the middle of the day will do wonders toward preserving the complexion.

Don't strain the eyes by reading in a jolting train or carriage, or in a bad light. Tired eyes are fatal to good looks as is the puffiness under the eyes which is so often the accompaniment.

Don't neglect to practice muscular exercise at least once a day. After the morning bath is the best time, and leg, back and arm muscles should be exercised in turn in regular rotation.

Don't fail to read the above new serial story.

"THE HIDDEN MARRIAGE"

Sidney Warwick's thrilling new love story of Beacon Street and the slums of Boston,

Begins on This Page To-morrow

You Cannot Afford to Miss This Thrilling Romance.

JACK HARKAWAY'S SON

CHAPTER XLVII.
Jack Returns Home

Copyright, 1905, by American Journal-Examiner.

VICTORY had come sooner than Jack expected.

The arrival of the secret service man was of his own planning, for some three months before, when he thought that he had Hunston for a prisoner, he had wired to Manila for some one to take his captive in charge.

No reply had come for so long, however, that Jack feared the message miscarried.

And he had sent no other because he had never been sure since then that he had his man.

Now, however, was the opportune time, for not only Hunston but Song Gow was in a prisoner, and all that was necessary was to turn them over to the secret service men.

As the launch settled on the water Jack signalled to his companions that all was safe.

They came up quickly, bringing their prisoners with them, by way of precaution.

The necessary arrangements were few.

Jack delivered over his prisoners, and the secret service man, getting into action, a strong guard landed them aboard the launch.

He offered to take Jack to Manila in the same conveyance, but our hero refused preferring to remain with his friends in the launch.

As the airship sailed away Jack followed her with his eyes. He saw a pale face peering at the port hole, and from a great height came the voice of Hunston:

"It's your turn now, but wait, only wait!"

Even secure as he felt his old enemy to be the words and the tone in which they were uttered sent a shudder up and down Jack's spine.

And he felt, a... great cylindrical balloon bore off given... that somehow this was not the lend... that in the near future he would be... of the ... power ... whose career ... soon put aboard the ... his friends embarked, ... only long enough to dispose of their shares of the treasury and secure New York drafts for the money ... them.

Hunston was sent away on the ship ahead of that upon which Jack and his friends sailed for San Francisco.

It was discovered the day after the arrival of the detective in Manila that Song Gow had substituted another Chinese for himself on the launch.

The substitute was held as a hostage, but Jack knew that even were he put to death the relentless ruler of the pirates would not be moved in any way by the fact.

Song Gow held life too cheap for that.

The story of Jack's adventures among the pirates is now done.

The only remains to chronicle that he reached New York safely and was welcomed back by his family and friends as one lost.

He settled down once more, and might be living as a quiet and peaceable citizen of New York still were not a strange combination of circumstances called him to Central Africa.

The tale of his adventures there, which is called "Jack Harkaway's Son Among the Cannibals," will begin in next Saturday's BOSTON AMERICAN.

THE E

HOW TO AVOID OLD AGE!

Professor Elie Metchnikoff of the Pasteur Institute of Paris, who has studied this subject for years, has at last made an important discovery. Everybody is interested! Professor Metchnikoff tells why we grow old, what at last kills us, and what to do about it in the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

IN THE SUNDAY AMERICAN

There Will Be Other Big Features HERE ARE SOME:

How to Produce Dimples

Wonderful new beauty-making machines, for which a patent has just been issued. Every girl should read about this in the SUNDAY AMERICAN.

Outdoor Costumes by Mrs. Osborn

Modish street gowns described by the creator of fashions.

The 1906 Girl

A full page in colors by Alonzo Kimball, with some of his most famous drawings.

Found! The Microbe of Light

A discovery has been made that the bright glow of the firefly and other insects and some fishes is caused by a microbe, which a professor has bred in colonies and used as a lamp.

The Comic Section of Boston People

Two full pages of the funniest sketches by SUNDAY AMERICAN artists of Boston people and funny things about them.

To Create a Perfect Man

An interesting article by Prof. Garrett P. Serviss, the eminent scientist, outlining the latest programme of science.

A New Sam Lloyd Puzzle

"Which way did Froggy jump?" It's an entirely new game for the children, and they shouldn't miss it.

Eloped Thirty Miles on Horseback—

And then changed her mind. How a pretty Virginia country girl changed her mind on the eve of her wedding, was captured, changed her mind again, and went dutifully home with papa. It is a most romantic story—in the SUNDAY AMERICAN.

Baron Max von Schweidler-Schwartzenburg's Troubles

"I cannot work, I'm a gentleman," he says to his father-in-law, who thereupon offers to take his daughter's title down from the shelf, dust it off and return it as good as new.

The Craziest Banquet Ever Heard of

Prince Pierre of Orleans' remarkable report of how the mysterious Lamas of Tibet have been entertaining him on the "Roof of the World."

The News of the World

The BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN prints the most complete stories and reports of all occurrences, written by staff men, brightly and interestingly.

The Funniest Comic Section IS IN THE SUNDAY AMERI...

...ms and conveniences.
...s, central; and convenient location.
MASS, AV.—Furnished room, heated rooms, ... water, tel. con. $3.50 and up.
...—Back parlor, side and square ...
...Corner.
...—Nicely furnished front ... $1.50, $2.50, $3.00, $4.00, ...
...—Newly furnished rooms, ... and c. water, clean, neat; prices ...
...—Well furnished rooms, ... room, on bathroom floor, with closet.

$100 in Prizes and 50 Watches to Those Who Guess How This Story Ends.

Mystery of "THE FATAL CIPHER"

The next to the last chapter of this story is printed to-day. The final chapter will be published Sunday. You have until 6 p. m. to-morrow to guess how it ends and perhaps win a prize.

"The Fatal Cipher"

The tenth of a series of mysteries which come under the observation of Prof. Augustus F. X. Van Dusen, Ph. D., LL. D., etc., etc., so called

"The Thinking Machine"

—BY—

Jacques Futrelle

Copyright, 1905, by American-Journal-Examiner.

Synopsis of Preceding Part

MISS ELIZABETH DEVAN places a supposed cipher letter in the hands of The Thinking Machine for solution. This letter appears to have been written by her adopted father, Pomeroy Stockton. She tells a story of disagreement and mutual interest between Stockton and John, after which the father is found dead with the letter in his pocket. The Thinking Machine undertakes to solve the cipher.

Later, The Thinking Machine sends for Hutchinson Hatch, reporter, and after a brief interview Hatch sees John Stockton, who has tried to cover up what he seems to believe a murder. Later, Miss Devan tells Hatch that a family Bible, which he sought in The Thinking Machine, is hidden in John Stockton's room.

The Thinking Machine outlines Hatch's plan to get the Bible and tell him just what is on Page 7. This page is missing. Miss Devan says that the Bible is in his possession. At night The Thinking Machine and Hatch are awakened by the cries of the house where the maid was found dead, when a shot is fired at them.

John Stockton and the cook, coming to the room, were burglars. Miss Devan accuses Stockton of the murder of his brother. They flee from people who gather. Stockton is captured by the police. "There is another shot and John Stockton is wounded."

PART 5.

WHEN The Thinking Machine dashed his light back into the gloom of the cellar, he saw Miss Devan and Hatch leaning over the prostrate figure of John Stockton. The latter's face was perfectly white save just at the edge of the hair, where there was a trickle of red. In his right hand he clasped a revolver.

"Dear me! dear me!" exclaimed the scientist. "What is it?"

"Stockton shot himself," said Hatch, and there was excitement in his tone.

On his knees the reporter made a hurried examination of the wounded man, then suddenly—he flushed the light in the face of Miss Devan.

"Where were you?" he demanded quickly.

"Just behind him," said the girl, "Will he die? Is it fatal?"

"Hopeless," said the scientist. "Let's get him upstairs."

The newcomers man was lifted and with Hatch leading was again taken to the room which they had left only a few minutes before. Hatch stood by helplessly while The Thinking Machine, in his capacity of physician, made a more minute examination of the wound. The outlet mark just above the right temple was almost bloodless; around it there were the unmistakable marks of burned powder.

"Help me just a moment, Miss Devan," requested The Thinking Machine, as he bound an improvised handkerchief bandage about the head. Miss Devan tied the final knots of the bandage and The Thinking Machine studied her hands closely as she did so. When the work was completed he turned to her in a most matter of fact way.

"*Why did you shoot him?*" he asked.

"I—I," stammered the girl, "I didn't shoot him, he shot himself."

"How came those powder marks on your right hand?"

Miss Devan glanced down at her right hand and the color which had been in her face faded as if by magic. There was fear, now, in her manner.

"I—I don't know," she stammered. "Surely you don't think that I——"

"Mr. Hatch, please sit over for an ambulance and then see if it is possible to find Detective Mallory immediately. I shall give Miss Devan into custody on the charge of shooting this man."

The girl stared at him dully for a moment and then dropped back into a chair with dead white face and fear-distended eyes. Hatch went to the nearest 'phone, and for a time Miss Devan sat silent, as if dazed. Finally, with an effort, she aroused herself and facing The Thinking Machine defiantly, burst out:

"I didn't shoot him. I didn't, I didn't. He did it himself."

The long, slender fingers of The Thinking Machine closed on the revolver and gently removed it from the hand of the wounded man.

"Ah, I was mistaken," he said suddenly. "The aim was not badly wounded as I thought. See! He is reviving."

Reviving, exclaimed Miss Devan. "Won't he die, then?"

"Why?" asked The Thinking Machine sharply.

"It seems so pitiful, almost a confession of guilt," she hurriedly explained. "Oh! I don't know."

Gradually the color was coming back into Stockton's face. The Thinking Machine bending over him, with one hand on the heart, saw the eyelids quiver and then slowly the eyes opened. Almost immediately the strength of the heart beat grew perceptibly stronger. Stockton stared at him a moment, then wearily his eyelids drooped again.

"Why did Miss Devan shoot you?" The Thinking Machine demanded.

There was a pause and the eyes opened for the second time. Miss Devan stood within range of the glance, her hands outstretched entreatingly toward Stockton.

"Why did she shoot you?" repeated The Thinking Machine.

"She did—not," said Stockton slowly. "I—did—it—myself."

For an instant there was a little wrinkle of perplexity in the brow of The Thinking Machine and then it passed.

"Purposely?" he asked.

"I did it myself."

Again the eyes closed and Stockton seemed to be passing into unconsciousness. The Thinking Machine glanced up to find an infinite appeal of relief in Miss Devan's face. His own manner changed to the same almost abject, in fact, as he turned to her again.

"Hey your pardon," he said. "I made a mistake, you see."

"Will he die?"

"No, that was another mistake. He will recover."

Within a few moments a City Hospital ambulance rattled up to the door and John Stockton was carried out to it with a feeling of pity that Hatch assisted Miss Devan, now almost in a fainting condition, to her house. The Thinking Machine had previously given her a slight stimulant. Detective Mallory had not answered the call by 'phone.

The Thinking Machine and Hatch returned to Boston. At the Park street subway they separated, after The Thinking Machine had given certain instructions. Hatch spent most of the following day carrying out these instructions. First he went to see Dr. Benton, the physician who issued the death certificate on which Pomeroy Stockton was buried. Dr. Benton was considerably alarmed when the reporter broached the subject of his visit. After a time he talked freely of the case.

"I have known John Stockton since we were in college together," he said, "and I believe him to be one of the few really good men I know. I can't believe other wise. Singularly enough, he is also one of the few good men who have made his own fortune. There is nothing hypocritical about him.

"Immediately after his father was found dead he [illegible] to me and I went out to the house in Dorchester. He explained [illegible] that it was apparent that Pomeroy Stockton had committed suicide. He dreaded the disgrace that public knowledge would bring on an honored name, and asked me what could be done. I suggested the only thing I knew—that was the insurance of a death certificate specifying natural causes—heart disease, I said. This act was due entirely to my friendship for him.

"I examined the body and found a trace of prussic acid on Pomeroy's tongue. Beside the chair on which he sat a bottle of prussic acid had been broken. It made no autopsy, of course. Ethically I may have sinned, but I feel that no real harm has been done. Of course, now that you know the real facts my entire career is at stake."

"There is no question in your mind but what it was suicide?" asked Hatch.

"Not the slightest. Then, too, there was the letter, which was found in Pomeroy Stockton's pocket. I saw that and if there had been any doubt then it was removed. This letter, I think, was from Miss Devan's possession. I presume it is still."

"Do you know anything about Miss Devan?"

"Nothing, except that she is an adopted daughter, who for some reason retained her own family name. Three or four years ago she had a little love affair, to which those who were specifically cut off, to get possession of the will and destroy it."

"Of course it might be, but there has been no communication between the two families. The family name, you know, is That branch lives in the far West and I have taken particular pains to ascertain that they could not have had anything to do with the disposition of the will.

"With these new facts in his possession, Hatch started to report to The Thinking Machine. He had to wait half an hour or so. At last the scientist came in.

"I've been attending an autopsy," he said.

"An autopsy? Whose?"

"On the body of Pomeroy Stockton."

"Why, I thought he had been buried."

"Yes, only placed in a receiving vault. I had to call the attention of a Medical Examiner to the case in order to get permission to make an autopsy. We did it together."

"What did you find?" asked Hatch.

"Why, did you find?" asked The Thinking Machine in turn.

Briefly Hatch told him of the interview with Dr. Benton and Mr. Sloane. The scientist listened without comment and at the end sank back in his big chair scrutinizing the ceiling.

"There seems to finish it," he said. "These are the questions which were presented. First, In what manner did Pomeroy Stockton die? Second, If not suicide, as appeared, what motive was there for anything else? Third, If there was a motive, to whom does it lead? Fourth, What part in the cipher letter? Now, Mr. Hatch, I think I may make all of it clear. There was a cipher in the letter, what might be described technically as a cipher in duplicate, the figure five being the key to it."

(To be concluded in the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.)

Fill This Out; Mail It Before 6 P. M. Saturday

To Prize Story Editor, Boston American:

MY SOLUTION OF "THE FATAL CIPHER" IS:

.....

NAME.....

ADDRESS.....

$100 in Prizes and 50 Watches For Solutions

One hundred dollars and fifty watches will be given away to those who guess nearest to how this story, "The Fatal Cipher," ends.

First Prize	$50
Second prize	25
Third prize	10
Fourth prize	5
Fifth prize	5
Sixth prize	5

Next fifty get watches.

No answers postmarked later than 6 p. m. Saturday will be considered.

Address all communications to Prize Story Editor, Boston American, 80-82 Summer street.

Winners in last week's contest, "The Golden Dagger," will be announced in Sunday's BOSTON AMERICAN.

Hotel Clarendon

517 to 531 Tremont St.

(Near Berkeley)

Sumptuously Furnished. Light and Airy Rooms at $1.00 per Day and Upwards.

Elegant Private Dining Rooms and Banquet Hall accommodating parties of Six to Two Hundred.

Try Our Breakfast Suggestions 25c to 75c

The Special Lunch for 35c

You Will Wonder How We Do It

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Is a Special Feature

The Regular a la Carte Bill Is A1

Service and Cuisine the Best

Music Every Evening 6 to 11

ANDREW ANDERSSON, Prop.

AMUSEMENTS.

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LAST 2 DAYS

This Afternoon at 2 & Eve. at 8

DR. HUGH SMITH

Will talk on "Japan, The Paradoxical Fighting Nation," illustrated with 200 beautiful lantern slides. Also Paul Revere Hall, Admission Free, Monday Night at 8, Every Afternoon at 2 and Evening.

Fly Casting Contests Daily

Casting Contest for Accuracy Tonight at 8 P. M.

SPORTSMEN'S SHOW

Tomorrow Afternoon at 3

Open Handicap, Fly Casting Contest, Distance and Accuracy. Tomorrow Night at 8, Open Fly Casting Competition for those who scored of not over 80 feet. Tomorrow Night at 8, in Paul Revere Hall, State Forester Alfred Akerman will talk on "Forestry." Admission Free. Concerts day and evening by Prof. Bond's Band.

Regular Exhibition Daily in Balcony of Exhibition Hall.

Special Notice—The great automobile show covers everything.

Opens Daily at 10 A. M.

Admission, 50c. Children Under 12, 25c.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOSTON THEATRE

LAWRENCE McCARTY.....Lessee & Manager

EVENINGS AT 7:45 SHARP

MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2

LAST WEEK BUT ONE

The Only Big Musical Show in Town

SAM. S. and LEE SHUBERT Present

JEFFERSON De ANGELIS OPERA COMPANY

In the Great Success of the Season

FANTANA

DON'T MISS IT

MONDAY, JAN. 15—TWO WEEKS ONLY

Farewell Engagement in Boston of

Mme. SARAH

BERNHARDT

TICKET SALE NEXT MONDAY JAN. 8th, AT 9 A. M.

TREMONT THEATRE

"Combinations for crowded houses."—Traveler.

MATINEE TOMORROW.

HENRY W. SAVAGE'S

MERRY HOLIDAY OFFERING

RAYMOND HITCHCOCK HITCHCOCK

In the New Farce,

The GALLOPER

By RICHARD HARDING DAVIS

Evenings at 8. Carriages at 10:35

Matinee Wednesday and Saturday at 2

Majestic THEATRE TONIGHT AT 8

MATINEE TOMORROW AT 2

LAUGH UNTIL YOUR SIDES ACHE! ROAR UNTIL YOU CAN'T THINK! REPLEAT UNTIL YOUR HANDS CRACK!

THAT'S LEW

Dockstader

AND HIS GREAT COMPANY OF 70 MIRTH-CREATING, SILVER VOICED

MINSTRELS

LEW WAS LONG AGO INAUGURATED MAYOR OF BIGGER, BETTER AND BUSIER MINSTRELSY.

POPULAR CONCERT SUNDAY

Picchiani Troupe

Are a Wonderful Act. Everyone Acrobatic Feat Performed by the Entire Show. This Week Seen Them Yet?

The Children

Should be Taken to See the Wonderful Troupe of Dogs and Monkeys. Remember you can come in at any time after 10:30 P. M.

EMPIRE THEATRE Thi. Cir. 5.

Empire Stock Co., Lindsay Morison, Mgr.

SECOND AND LAST WEEK OF THE GREAT Ingomar Melodrama,

THE SILVER KING

Today at 2:15 P. M. at 8.

Prices: 25c., 50c., 75c.

Second Balcony Seats Today, 15c.

Children of 5 to 15 years of age free at matinees when accompanied by adults.

Free Souvenir Boohoos at Monday Matinee.

Next Week—LA TOSCA.

COLONIAL THEATRE

LAST 3 TIMES. TONIGHT AT 8

CHARLES FROHMAN PRESENTS

WILLIAM GILLETTE

In His New American Comedy

"CLARICE"

REGULAR MAT., SAT. at 2.

Mon., Jan. 8—EDNA MAY, in "The Catch of the Season."

SEATS NOW ON SALE

TONIGHT

FRENCH BALL

AT

Odd Fellows' Hall

TREMONT ST., BOSTON

There will be many novel features introduced during the evening such as the famous CHAIN PAGNE DANCE by a troupe of beautiful French dancers. Grand March 8:30. Golden Orb. Tickets at Clark's Hotel, Brad's Office and at Hall.

PARK SQUARE ROLLER SKATING RINK

Open Monday Afternoon at 2 o'clock.

TONIGHT—TWO GRAND OPEN RACES

Fred White, N. McLeod, J. Dodd, J. W. Hallis and others. Prizes $25.00 and $15.00

In this race the last man over the line at the end of each lap drops out.

Castle Sq.

Dusk-Time Offer to Matter St. Theatre Goers

Every Night at 8 P. M.

Beerbohm Tree's London Version of

OLIVER TWIST

Prices, 15c., 25c., 50c., 75c., $1

Jan. 8—School Week of Oliver Twist

HOWARD TODAY

1 to 11 P. M.

Curiosity Museum. The only woman leaping the loop, world's greatest sensation. Harry La Claire, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Thorne and Co. Diamond and Smith, Clark and Electric and other curiosities. Tic Reward Burlesquers, a shadow of glasses, in the new souffle, "Fresh Leaves."

PALACE

JACK O'BRIEN

and

KNICKERBOCKER BURLESQUERS.

GRAND SMOKING CONCERTS.

Prices—10—20—25. Tel. 2500 Richmond.

BOWDOIN SQUARE

Every Afternoon at 2. Evening at 8.

FAUST

Any Seat in the House $1.

NEXT WEEK—Robert Emmet.

HOLLIS ST THEATRE

ISAAC B. RICH.....Proprietor & Manager

One of the best theatres that has been seen in in the last ten years."—Journal.

Every at 8. Wed. & Sat. Matinees at 2.

CHARLES FROHMAN Presents

JOHN DREW

In His Greatest Comedy Triumph

De LANCEY

By Augustus Thomas

PARK THEATRE

Last 2 Nights 8. Mat. Saturday at 2.

Charles Frohman Presents

JUST

JOSEPH WHEELOCK, Jr. OUT OF

GEORGE AOE'S Roaring Success COLLEGE

NEXT WEEK | BLANCHE WALSH | THE WOMAN

IN THE CASE

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Tonight — Mat. Tomorrow

Mats. Tues., Thurs., Sat. at 2

A WIFE'S SECRET

Evenings at 8 The Thrilling Scenes from the Belfry of the Church.

Evgs 20c, 30c, 50c, 75c. Mats. 20c, 25c, 50c.

Next Week—"A Race for Life."

GLOBE

Evening Prices 25—50—75

Mon., Wed., Sat. Mats., 25c.

Lottie Blair Parker's Successful Play,

UNDER SOUTHERN SKIES

Mon. Mat.—Nat Wills, "Duke of Duluth."

Every Sunday Night—25-50c Concert.

COLUMBIA

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All Seats 25c

Matinee Daily

LYCEUM HARRY BRYANT'S COMPANY

Mats 2:15 & 8. Orchestra Seats 25c. Eve 25-50c

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No matter what your telephone requirements are, there is a class of service to meet them. The reductions in rates during the past three years have placed the telephone within the reach of everyone.

Metropolitan Rates from $30.00 up

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Let us know what your telephone needs are and we will tell you what class of service will fill them.

For Full Particulars Call MAIN 6090

Contract Department, 101 Milk Street

New England Telephone & Telegraph Co

FITZ IS LOST FROM TRAIN NEAR OMAHA

Former Champion Disappears Mysteriously While on Way to Chicago.

By Boston American Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—Lost, strayed or stolen somewhere between here and Omaha, one spotted, freckled pugilist, with slightly disarranged countenance, tall and lean, with legs that bend inward at the middle, bald but wears somebody's else's hair, and answers to the name of Bob Fitzsimmons. When last seen was on the overland limited in the vicinity of Omaha, Neb., making the night hideous with his snores. Probably has a very mean disposition.

Bob Fitzsimmons was the cause of much worry to the scribes last night when the train on which he was supposed to be rolled in. The last heard of the old war horse was it Omaha. His train passed through that long at 5:30 yesterday morning, and Bob was slumbering as peacefully as if he had never heard of Jack O'Brien or had a runaway wife. From there Hawk Shaw lost the trail, and despite the fact that the telegraph wires were kept so busy last night that they melted part of the blizzard, here is not the slightest clue.

There is a dire suspicion that Fitzsimmons, who may have developed somnambulism from his recent troubles, climbed himself out from under the warm clothes in the wee hours of the morning and toted away up the Northern Pacific with his ears set toward Stony Pats, where at present Mrs. Fitzsimmons is nobbing court and waiting for another coming of the Imperial one—in mustache her from her other half.

This is mere conjecture, but nothing is impossible or improbable for Fitzsimmons unless it is to beat Jack O'Brien or grow a headcovering at his own.

Any way he is missing and there are numerous persons who wish they knew just where he is.

DON'T FAIL TO BEGIN TO-MORROW

Sidney Warwick's stirring love story of Beacon street and the slums of Boston. It is entitled "The Hidden Marriage" and begins in to-morrow's BOSTON AMERICAN. You can't afford to miss it.

ASK GOVERNOR FOR LANGNER'S PARDON

Prosecutor Curtis Guild, Jr., has been asked to ask Governor Douglas to pardon Joseph August Langner, who is serving seven years of a life sentence for murder. Whether a man could be pardoned who had cried his best. The man is "Miss Mary" keep up song. He deserved a Carnegie. The medal."

St. Louis owns a salt of baseball in fact none any more popular than Mike Grady, fully her from Kennett Square, Pa., who is coming one of the richest men in that town. It has a good thing in the entry business and the spot on which every penny that he can spare has gone into it. As a consequence today he and wife his name to a check that will stand a liberal swelling some five figures.

LETTER SAVES MOTHER'S LIFE

LITCHFIELD, Me., Jan. 5.—A letter from her long boy, from whom she had heard nothing for fourteen years, and who was reported to have been killed in a railroad accident, arrived just in time to thrill Mrs. David Adams, an elderly lady of this place, through the crisis of a severe fever.

She received the letter from before her physicians knew it. But the joy had a good rather than a bad effect.

When Fred W. Robinson, Mrs. Adams' son by her first husband, left home fourteen years ago, he was a mere boy and slight effer night the patient and fearful mother placed the lamp in the old accustomed window. But there was no trace of him. About five years ago he was reported killed in a railroad accident abroad, and he was mourned as dead.

His letter was dated Atlanta, Ga., and he said: "Shall be home again soon, mother."

Colds Cause Sore Throat.

Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.

TYPOS WIN TWO MORE BIG SHOPS

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—The union printers have won two more victories. Harper & Bros. and the Robert Drummond Printing Company sent word to their union employes to come back to work under the eight-hour, closed shop agreement.

Harper & Bros. employ nearly 600 men and the Drummond company about 300.

Patrick H. McCormick, president of Typographical Union No. 6, said to-day he was negotiating with two other large firms, which he expected would sign to-day.

On the employers' side A. P. Kellogg, the Rudd Electrotype Company and the Smith-Winchester Company joined the Typothetae for the "open shop."

Sample Stockings Cheaply

Mrs. Samples Sold At Retail Sample Stocking Co. 110 Fremont St., Box 40

LISTEN-LOOK-READ

Boston's Humorous Pages on Boston Clubs and Boston People in the

SUNDAY AMERICAN

This week's pages will contain articles and illustrations by the comic artists on some very interesting features in Boston life.

THE ALGONQUIN CLUB

And its members—by James Francis—being a guide's description of the exterior and interior of one of Boston's busiest clubs.

THE CADETS

Their annual play and how they are planning for it—with some work by the SUNDAY AMERICAN'S comic artist.

MR. REGAN

Describes the installation of the new city government to his friend Hanrahan, and its worth your while to read it.

JANE NEWCOMBE

In her letter to her Chicago chum, Grace Winters, tells some interesting secrets of the "Vincent Club" girls.

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EDITORIAL PAGE OF **HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN** FRIDAY, JANUARY 5

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST

80 AND 82 SUMMER ST., BOSTON, JANUARY 5, 1906.

Fortunately the Printers Are Fighters —and HAVE MONEY

They Won't Be Starved Out by Pinch-Penny Employers

The printers' strike is on in earnest.

A year and a half ago the workers notified the employers that after January 1, 1906, they would insist upon the eight-hour day in all job and book concerns.

The employers have chosen to fight. They think they want "the open shop," which means the right to hire scabs and put the men to fighting each other, cutting wages, stealing each others' jobs, etc.

The men don't propose to fight EACH OTHER. They mean to fight TOGETHER.

They have begun the fight, and they are going to WIN, BECAUSE THEY ARE IN THE RIGHT.

Eight hours of CONCENTRATED WORK IS ENOUGH.

Eight hours working at a typesetting machine, with a pot of molten metal sending fumes into the lungs, IS ENOUGH. Eight hours of work will give all the product that the employer should get, and all that the man should do.

At the end of a working life, the man who works eight hours per day will have set actually more ems of type than the man working nine hours. For the extra hour tires the man, lowers vitality and shortens life.

The employer may say: "I would rather work them out quickly and get new ones," but the workman, strange to say, has different views. In the Argentine, where horses were so cheap, it was the fashion to buy them for the street car lines and literally work them to death—it hardly paid to feed them. It did not pay at all to take care of them.

The horses had to stand it. They had no union, no intelligence, no funds.

THE PRINTERS HAVE ALL THREE.

Big Six of New York has contributed over one hundred thousand dollars to the fight of the men for eight hours. That has a refreshing sound, hasn't it? It is pleasant for a change to hear of men that WORK having a little ready cash to put their hands on. It gets rather tiresome to hear always of the Wall Street gamblers, that DON'T work, having all the money in sight.

The printers are raising a nice little fund of many thousands of dollars a week just now to carry on the strike, and they can double the fund, if they have to—and then TREBLE it.

They won't be starved to death.

And they won't be SCARED to death by the employers' threat "to put girls in their places."

In the first place, the girls cannot do the work. In the second place, the girls will prove mighty unreliable "scabs" as the employers will find out. The average girl puts decency above money.

In the third place, RIGHT WINS IN THIS WORLD, and men so mean and heartless as to brag of putting weak women and girls at a task fit only for strong men ARE BOUND TO LOSE A FIGHT. Cowardice always loses.

All over the country we shall soon be dealing with "the open shop" idea, that dearest heart's wish of the treacherous, labor-hating Civic Federation.

A few big men, having wheedled a few labor leaders, none too strong minded, into joining them, are now talking of the open shop, of importing Chinese coolies, quite calmly, as though these were all open questions.

They are NOT open questions. They have been settled in this country once and for all. And the labor leaders who discuss them, and treat them as OPEN questions, in their frantic desire to hobnob with such fine "union" men as August Belmont will find themselves out of their leadership, unless a light shall dawn upon them.

The workers are tired of seeing their leaders sitting in council with managers of scab enterprises. They know that the leader who would not meet and treat with the owner of a small scab tailor shop has no business hobnobbing with the owner of a scab railway system.

The workers are fortunate in having such men as the printers to lead off in this big fight for the preservation of the labor union idea, and wages and reasonable hours.

The printers will win.

When the fight is over, we advise them to scrutinize closely the leaders who have made it a business of late to deal on friendly, "society" terms with their enemies, thus getting the "open shop," scab labor, Chinese coolie idea spread broadcast.

THE NEW CHAUFFEUR

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HIS EMPLOYERS ARE DELIGHTED WITH HIM

AREN'T MEN THE WRETCHES?

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1. *MR. SNOOKS—Yes, you see, my wife has no belief in my bravery, and I want to change her opinion. Now, follow my instructions. You'll be in no danger from me, nor need you fear arrest. Here is an old army revolver. You needn't be afraid of it. It has no chamber in it. Now be on time.*

2. *MRS. SNOOKS (that night when all is still)—What's that I hear? BURGLARS in the kitchen! Oh, John, please, don't go down! You will be killed. Call "Police!" Oh, John, PLEASE stay here.*
MR. SNOOKS (heroically)—Clara, you derided and doubted my bravery. Now I will show you.

3. *MR. SNOOKS—Base varlet! FOILED AGAIN! Unarmed as I am, I apprehend thee! I care naught for your villainous firearms!*
THE BURGLAR—Oh, please, kind sir, let me go! I have a wife and sixteen starving children at home!
MRS. SNOOKS—Yes, John, let the poor man go.

4. *MRS. SNOOKS—Oh, my BRAVE, NOBLE, HEROIC JOHN! Oh, what a real, fearless hero you are! Never, NEVER again will I doubt your bravery. You just looked like an actor on the stage.*
MR. SNOOKS (aside)—Say, isn't this worth the five dollars I paid that tramp!

Little Editorials from the People

WHAT ARE LAWS FOR?

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

If is it not enough to make a tax-payer and citizen of Boston curse himself to read that men for whom he had voted were introducing bills to curtail the powers of the District Attorney, evidently intended to leave him the enmity of some who have disappointed, why were a law unto themselves and above and added by or defied legal advice is thority till Mr. Moran took office?

The What in heaven's name is the law for? Is it all some mock it, while others fear it? Is it a bogie to frighten ignoramuses (the tax-payer and voter), while cunning and crafty officials spit in the face of the emblem of Justice and bawl into the public ear, "What are you going to do about it?"

If it a safeguard thrown around all alike to protect as well as the mightiest?

If I we, what do we hold elections? Is it feared to declare men in whom we have confidence the ruin, as he enforce the law to administer punish on what of all this "howling pandemonium on the part of those paid to uphold the law; servants of the people whose good money they take without any qualms of conscience and permit and encourage open violations of what they are paid to suppress.

And now comes a legislator, whose constituency we will wager a thousand dollars cast a big vote for Moran, and wants to get legislation to tie the hands of the one man who is honestly doing his duty in strict accord with law. He wants the legislature to help him to suppress Moran by making him the clerk of the Attorney-General, absolutely depriving him of the power to enforce the law against evildoers on his own motion.

Citizens of Boston, what think you of this? It takes more than spite to move men or newspapers to attempt to so pervert justice and make abortive the will of the people expressed at the ballot box as this seeming effort foreshadows. The people are awake and will keep an eye upon the man or men who would trample under foot the honest efforts to uphold the law by a sinecure official though legislation is solicited to suppress him. No honest man will attempt to obstruct the enforcement of law upon violators thereof.

THOMAS H. BATES.

No. 28 Melrose street, Roxbury.

RHYMO THE MONK

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THE PAPER'S FULL, EACH DAY, ABOUT THE GRAFTERS, BIG AND SMALL,— THEY'D LOOK QUITE WELL IN PRISON STRIPS THE VILLAINS, ONE AND ALL!
PAINT
WHY DON'T THEY STICK THEM INTO CELLS, ON BREAD AND WATER FARE?— PERHAPS THEIR MORALS WOULD IMPROVE IN TIME, IF THEY WERE THERE!
I'M VERY GLAD TO SAY THERE ARE NO CONVICT STRIPES ON ME FOR IF THERE WERE, PERHAPS I'D CHIRP IN QUITE ANOTHER KEY!
SAY, MISTER, THAT BENCH IS NEWLY PAINTED!
GEE! IT LOOKS ALL RIGHT!

No Criminal or Grafter He—Yet Wears the Badge of Felony

Ella Wheeler Wilcox

Two Boys and a Cigarette

By Ella Wheeler Wilcox

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TWO bright little boys named Harry and Will
Were just the same size and the same age, until
One day in their travels it chanced that they met
A queer little creature, surnamed Cigarette.
This queer little creature made friends with the boys,
And told them a story of masculine joys
He held for their sharing. "I tell you," quoth he,
"The way to be manly and big is through me."
Will listened and yielded, but Harry held out.
"I think your assertions are open to doubt,"
He said. "And, besides, I'm afraid I'd be sick."
"Afraid!" echoed Will. "Oh, you cowardly stick!
Well, I'm not afraid, look ahere!" As he spoke,
He blew out a halo of cigarette smoke.

Five years from that meeting I saw them again.
The time had arrived when they both should be men,
But strangely enough, although Harry boy stood
As tall and as strong as a tree in the wood,
Poor Will seemed a dwarf; sunken eye, hollow cheek,
Stoop shoulders proclaimed him unmanly and weak.
With thumb and forefinger he listlessly rolled
A cigarette, smoothing each wrinkle and fold,
And the smoke that he puffed from his lips, I declare,
Took the form of a demon and grinned from the air.
And it said, "See that wreck of a man that I made
Of the boastful young fellow who *wasn't afraid*."

Always Two Bears in Every Home

By Rev. Albert E. George

A MAN writes to me:

"What do you expect of your wife?"

John Calvin of theological fame demanded of a wife good humor, chastity, thrift, patience and solicitude for her husband's health.

Did he ask too much? Is he not like many other husbands to-day? They demand more of a wife than they can reasonably expect.

If you got two good qualities in a woman like thrift and patience you should be satisfied. Now thrift has excellent wearing qualities. You can get more out of it to keep sunshine in the home life than you do even out of good humor. It is sure to last longer than anything else.

For a wife to exercise judgment in buying the daily provisions goes a long distance to prevent a multitude of worries. To go regularly to the provision store and choose for the table proves she is careful in her purchases. A good deal must often come out of what is bought. Just as soon as a wife tires of this responsibility or grows careless in following it up closely just so soon she increases trouble for herself and husband.

Eternal vigilance over household expenses is the price of domestic happiness.

The so-called breadwinner is away from home, absorbed in his business, and nothing pleases him more than to notice the thrift displayed in the management of the home by the wife. To be conscious that a loose, indifferent spirit prevails is certain to sour his disposition.

Large bills and a moderate income always clash. They knock all the sentiment out of love. You cannot keep love in a home unless it is warmed by common-sense methods.

To make over an old dress, to render palatable the remnants of food, to turn everything to some useful purpose requires ingenuity. It is these which win in the end. A wife may not always be called upon to exercise her skill in these matters. Yet a thrifty wife will make a thrifty husband in the generality of cases.

No husband can expect a wife to be saving, in order to admit of the husband's liberty to spend more. To take advantage of your wife's economy is mean.

There are always two bears in every home, bear and forbear. Patience can be worked up into great profit. It certainly has a corner on love. A happy home is made up of qualities, not of material resources.

No husband is so right that his wife is absolutely wrong. You overlook much, and do not play the old tune of finding fault. The art of giving in yields love a chance to make a home run.

Patience must be practiced by both sides. Lopsided patience may bring tears to the weaker sex. To demand too much of your wife only ends in discouraging her.

Thomas Carlyle never appreciated his spouse. It is a wonder how she escaped being a crank under his sway.

Many a husband gives bankruptcy of the nerves and pays doctor's bills instead of being kind and considerate.

Do not exact too much of the wife, but when you see a redeeming feature focus it in your mind.

Home life the coming year will respond to all that you want it to be, provided you encourage what you know to be worthy of your constant praise and admiration.

Bend the Knee to Baby

By Dorothy Dix

THE moral effect of a baby in a household can only be compared to the deluge that washes away all the familiar landmarks by which you know the place.

Before that advent your friends may have been people of the most exquisite tact, the nicest regard for the feelings of others and a wide and catholic interest in the doings of the world.

The baby changes all that.

The world narrows down to a single topic of interest—and that is baby.

Common decency of civility flies before the perambulator, and you are welcome or unwelcome according to the amount of enthusiasm you can muster up about the baby.

So far as your own pleasure is concerned, nobody in a house where there is a baby makes the least pretence of considering it.

Your best witticism falls flat before a gurgle of infant volapuk; the most startling piece of news does not create one-millionth part of the sensation of the intelligence that baby has cut a tooth.

Try to tell a good story, and just at the critical moment the imbecile parent interrupts you to call your attention to the cute way in which the baby is looking at you through the chair, and you succumb to the inevitable and talk sterilized baby talk until it is time to go home.

Conversation with the parents of a baby has to be as carefully adapted as a French farce for a debutante.

But, for all that, baby has plenty of virtues of his own. He is more reliable than an alarm clock for getting people up in the morning. He has the advantage of a settled purpose in life, from the start, for he knows what he wants and howls for it until he gets it, while as a scapegoat for the family —a standing excuse for the things they can't do because of the baby, and the things they do do because of the baby—he is simply an invaluable and unimpeachable blessing.